THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, TUESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1873. | VOLUME V---NUMBER 147

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

From Yesterday's Evening Edition.

ATLANTA:

TUESDAY, JANUARY, 14, 1873.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

SENATE.

MONDAY, January 13, 1872.

Senate met at the usual hour, and was called to order by the President.

Prayer by Rev. Dr. Spaulding.

Roll called, and Saturday's minutes read and approved.

President Trammell announced the standing committees as follows:

On Judiciary—Mr. Reese, chairman; Messrs. Brown, Peavy, Hester, Hudson, Nicholls, Kibbee, Lester, Hoyle, Crawford, Blance, Hillyer, Winn, Cain, Gilmore and Wofford.

Finance—Mr. Simmons, chairman; Messrs. Kibbee, Mathews, Wofford, Estes, Brown, Heard, Jones, Jervis, Erwin, Harris, Crawford, Payne, Blance, Lester and Nicholls.

Internal Improvements—Mr. Wofford, chairman; Messrs. Lester, Jervis, Black, Cannon, Hillyer and Brown.

State of the Republic—Mr. Payne, chairman; Messrs. Reese, Jervis, Brown, Peavy, Lester, and Anderson.

Education—Mr. Nicholls, chairman; Messrs. Arnow, Kibbee, Cain, Reese, Blance, and Erwin.

Banks—Mr. Hillyer, chairman; Messrs. Lester, Simmons, Cain, Brown, Crawford, and Harris.

Enrollment—Mr. Hoyle, chairman; Messrs. Hillyer, Hudson, Erwin, Harris, Crawford, and Gilmore.

Privileges and Elections—Mr. Harris, chairman; Messrs. Heard, Estes, Wofford, Hudson, Blance, and Brimberry.

Petitions—Mr. Estes, chairman; Messrs. W. W. Mathews, Mattox, McAfee, Knight, Cannon, and Clark.

Public Buildings—Mr. Peddy, chairman; Messrs. Arnow, Kirkland, Roberson, Carter, Black, and Deveaux.

Presentations—Mr. Peavy, chairman; Messrs. Winn, Erwin, Roberson, Cain, Carter, and Brimberry.

Lunatic Asylum—Mr. Erwin, chairman; Messrs. Wofford, Harris, Steadman, Peddy, Birtow, and Gilmore.

Military—Mr. Jervis, chairman; Messrs. Harris, Roberson, Cain, Payne, Mattox, and W. W. Mathews.

Printing—Mr. Winn, chairman; Messrs. Hillyer, W. W. Mathews, Simmons, Kirkland, Crawford, and Peddy.

Deaf and Dumb Asylum—Mr. Blance, chairman; Messrs. Wofford, Knight, Cameron, Cannon, Jones and Black.

Institute of the Blind—Mr. Black, chairman; Messrs. Jones, Steadman, McAfee, W. W. Mathews, Carter and Hoyle.

Manufactures—Mr. Steadman, chairman; Messrs. W. P. Mathews, Heard, Mattox, Knight, Anderson and Clark.

Agriculture—Mr. Jones, Chairman; Messrs. W. W. Mathews, W. P. Mathews, Cone, McAfee, Mattox and Roberson.

Auditing—Mr. Brown, chairman; Messrs. Kibbee, Peddy, Peavy, Winn, Nicholls and Hillyer.

Engrossing — Mr. Hudson, chairman; Messrs. Black, Cannon, Erwin, Estes, Blance and Deveaux.

Journals—Mr. Cone, chairman; Messrs. Arnow, Cameron, Kirkland, Knight, Deveaux and Anderson.

State Library—Mr. Heard, chairman; Messrs. Simmons, Lester, Estes, Jervis, Payne, and Arnow.

New Counties and County Lines—Mr. Hester, chairman; Messrs. Wofford, Peavy, Peddy, Winn, Carter, and Cameron.

Consolidation of Bills—Mr. Kibbee, chairman, Messrs. Brown, Hester, Lester, Hillyer, Rose, and Crawford.

Hon. J. M. Arnow, senator from the Fourth District, being present, was sworn in by Judge McKay, of the Supreme Court.

BILLS ON FIRST READING.

Mr. Brown—A bill to incorporate the Georgia Iron and Coal Company, and for other purposes.

Mr. Cain—A bill to amend paragraph 3, section 1840, of the Code.

Also, A bill to authorize executors, administrators, guardians or trustees, to settle the estates of married female minors, the same as if they had reached a legal age.

Mr. Carter—A bill for the relief of Wm. Harrison, of the county of Stewart.

Mr. Clark—A bill to provide for the renumbering of the militia districts of the State of Georgia.

Mr. Gilmore—To provide for a constitutional convention of this State and for other purposes.

Mr. Kibbee—A bill to require the secretary of State to furnish the ordinaries with printed forms for election returns, envelopes, etc.

Mr. W. P. Mathews—A bill to amend an act authorizing the mayor and board of aldermen of the city of Talbotton, to subscribe to the Talbotton Branch Railroad.

Also, to make uniform the tax valuation of property throughout the State.

Mr. McAfee—A bill to repeal 3d section of article 7th of the Code.

Also, a bill to repeal, amend, and simplify the school laws of this State.

Mr. Peavy—A bill to prescribe the fees of Justices of the Peace and Notaries Public in possessory warrants.

Mr. Reese—A bill to amend the tax laws of this State.

Mr. Simmons—A bill to amend the act protecting wooden and cotton manufacturers, extending the same privileges to iron manufacturers.

Mr. Winn—A bill to abolish the office of Tax Receiver and create a Tax Assessor in lieu thereof.

Also, a bill to empower the county commissioners, of Gwinnett county, to administer oaths, solemnize rites of marriage, etc.

Also, a bill to alter and amend section 2479 of the Code.

Mr. Hillyer—A bill to amend garnishment laws of the State.

Mr. Nicholls—A bill to protect the interests of the State of Georgia in the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad.

Mr. Hoyle—A bill to amend section 3886 of the Code.

Mr. Jervis—A resolution to require the Secretary of the Senate to furnish a list of the names of the clerks employed by the Senate at the end of each week. After discussion the resolution was adopted and transmitted to the House.

Mr. Blance—A bill to bring on the election of justices of the peace and constables.

Bills on second reading were next taken up and ordered committed or engrossed.

BILLS ON THIRD READING.

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Court, in certain counties in Atlanta Circuit, passed.

A bill to amend the constitution of this State to prohibit the payment of certain illegally endorsed bonds—referred to the judiciary committee.

A bill to change the time of holding McIntosh Superior Court, passed.

A bill to incorporate the Atlantic and Paper Mill Company—referred to committee on Internal Improvements.

BILL ON FIRST READING.

Mr. ——To change the time of holding the Superior Courts of McDuffie county.

On motion of Mr. Nicholls, an additional committee was appointed on free trade and immigration.

On motion the Senate adjourned till to-morrow morning, 10 A. M.

HOUSE.

House called to order by Speaker Bacon.

Prayer by Rev. Frank Johnson, representative from Clarke county.

Mr. Osborne, of Gilmer, moved to reconsider so much of action of Saturday to appoint three assistant door-keepers.

Mr. Bush, of Miller, moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table, which prevailed by a large majority.

The Speaker announced that he had appointed the following standing committees:

Journals—Lyon, Yow, Carlton, Cason, Blanton, Lampkin, Young, Brassel, Roberts, Hogan, Moss, Jenkins of Pike.

Enrollment—Johnson, Mills, DeLoach, Willis of Macon, Swearingen, Willingham, Gandler, Davis, Taliaferro, Brantley, Bochen, Black, Lowe of Stewart, Kaigler of Quitman.

State Library—Simms, Dorsey, Tutt, Leigh of Coweta, Walsh, Barksdale, Clements, Kaigler of Terrell, Spence, Flagin, Stewart of Taylor.

Judiciary—Pierce, Mercer, Longley, Peabody, McDaniel, Phillips, Anderson, Hoge, Butt, Willis of Talbot, Foster, Hunter, Hart, Latham, Dell, Hudson, Tutt, Williamson, Mills, Simms, Dorsey, Dubose.

Finance—Nutting, McDaniel, McArthur, McKibben, Murphy, Shewmake, Felton, Culver, Watt, Turnbull, Hart, Tumlin, Towers, Reese, Latham, Richardson.

Corporations—McDaniel, Dorsey, Calhoun, Gibson, Mills of Macon, Candler, Williams of Dooly, Newton, Dunn, Foster, McLean, Johnson, McKibben, Taliaferro, Blackwell.

Education—Peabody, Anderson, Stapleton, Jones of Banks, Kaigler of Quitman, Dell, Calhoun, Fort, Teasely, Shi, DuBose, McRae, Mills, Duncan of Douglas, Ellis.

Banks—Mercer, Peabody, Hoge, Shewmake, Jenkins, of Putnam, Hamilton, Kaigler, of Terrell, Fitzgerald, Mills, of Talbot, Walsh, Nutting, Hight, Yow, Edwards, Lyon, Dorsey.

State of the Republic—Anderson, Tutt, Heard, of Elbert, Willingham, Pierce, Swearingen, Teasesley, Gilbert, Williamson, Trammell, Turnbull, Lowe, of Stewart, Lipsey, Hill, Tompkins.

Agriculture—Jones, of Burke, Leitner, Felton, Lockett, Lampkin, Turnbull, Stewart, of Taylor, Coleman, Hamilton, Culver, Davis, Grant, Jenkins, of Pike, Mathews, Masters, Ouseley, Clark, Barksdale.

Public Expenditures—Hoge, Willis of Macon, Willingham, Longley, Hudson, Dumas, Jenkins of Putnam, Fort, Griffin, Horne, Kirk, Smith of Bryan, Leigh of Coweta, Freeman, Twitty.

Manufactures—Hart, Watt, Leither, Stewart of Brooks, Jackson, Black, Bostwick, Eakes, Foy, Hargett, Kirk, Trammell, Wofford.

Internal Improvements—Felton, Shewmake, Mathews of Houston, Mattox, Clements, Hightower of Johnson, Hopps, Beaty, Duke, Williams of Dooly, Duncan of Rabun, Dunlap, Evans, Fowler, Thompson.

Military Affairs—Ball, Carleton, Mercer, Dunlap, Tompkins, DuBose, Towers, Blackwell, McLean, McLellan, Lee of Appling, Baker, Barkwell.

Public Printing—Walsh, Howell, Whelchel, Bell, Lott, Blanton, Reid, Rogers, Moses, Feagan, McBride, Long.

Direct Trade and Immigration—Hunter, McArthur, Dell, Adams, Baxter, Blakey, Butt, Calhoun, Cason, Colding, Cook, Cureton.

New Counties and County Lines—Bush, Glinson, Harris, Hightower of Polk, Spence Haggard, Hutchinson of Haralson, Jones of Chattooga, DeLoach, Lowe of Catoosa, Sturgis, Dorming.

Penitentiary—Longley, Simms, Tucker, Hutchinson of Clayton, Hill, Lipscy, Young, Summerlin, Smith of Telfair, Duke, Roper, Poole, Atkinson, Heard of Greene.

Deaf and Dumb Asylum—Candler, Hightower of Polk, Edwards, Hight, Howell, Flynt, Baker, Jones of Chattooga, Baxter, Duncan of Laurens, Welchel, Kirk, Twitty, Bell.

Blind Asylum—Tumlin, Barkwell, Richardson, Ousley, Ellis, Dunn, Lockett, McRae, Osborn, Morris, Williams of Union, Duncan of Hart.

Lunatic Asylum—Colding, Williamson, Jenkins of Putnam, Stapleton, Newton, Carlton, Matthews of Houston, Shi, Stephens, Flynt, Loveless, Duggar, Baker.

Auditing—Murphy, Mattox, Beaty, Sadler, Gilbert, Heard of Elbert, Merritt, Mathews of Upson, Snead, Jackson.

On motion of Mr. Felton, 300 copies of the names of members of standing committees were ordered printed for the use of the House.

On motion of Mr. Bush, of Miller, the rules were suspended, and a joint resolution bringing on the election of State printer at 12 A. M., on Friday, 17th inst, taken up and adopted.

On motion of Mr. Butt, of Marion, the Messenger was instructed to procure from the State Librarian, ten copies of the revised Code of 1868, and ten copies of the Acts of 1868-'9-'70-'72, and kept at the Clerk's desk for the use of the House.

Mr. Trammell, of Paulding, offered a resolution that there shall be no change of county lines during the present session, except by consent of the Representatives from the counties affected by the change. The Speaker ruled the resolution out of order.

On motion of Mr. Howell, of Fulton, the Messenger was instructed to furnish each member of the House with a copy of the Constitution of the State of Georgia.

Leave of absence was granted to Messrs. Carlton, of Clarke, and Mattox, of Wilkes, for to day, on account of sickness.

On motion of Mr. Pierce, of Hancock, the roll of counties for the introduction of new matter was called, begining at the head of the calendar. The vote stood, yeas 97, nays 35.

The following bills were read the first time:

Mr Turnbull, of Banks—To provide a board of commissioners of road and revenue for Banks county.

Also, to change the lines between the counties of Banks and Jackson.

Mr. Baker of Bartow—Petition to incorporate Taylorsville, in Bartow and Polk counties. Referred to committee on corporations.

Mr. Bacon of Bibb—To empower and authorize any telegraph company in this State to construct, equip and maintain telegraph lines on the right of way of any railway company in said State.

Also, to repeal all acts to carry into effect section 1, article 7 of the Constitution, relative to homestead.

Mr. Hunter, of Brooks—To protect the interests of the State in the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad.

Also, to amend section 4009 of the code.

Mr. McKibben, of Butts—To amend the act creating a board of commissioners for Harris county, to make it applicable to the counties of Butts and Spalding.

Mr. Dunn, of Calhoun—To change the time of holding Calhoun Superior Court.

Mr. Latham of Campbell—To authorize the Governor to draw his warrant on the treasurer in favor of J. Welch for $825, balance due him, as agent of the Western and Atlantic Railroad at Chattanooga.

Mr. Long of Carroll—To amend the act amending the sixth section of the act to incorporate the Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.

Mr. Mercer of Chatham—To incorporate the Tybee Telegraph Company of Savannah.

Also, to prescribe the limits of the Eastern Judicial Circuit and increase the sessions of Chatham Superior Court.

Mr. Mills, of Chatham—To provide compensation for I. M. Marsh, S. Illinger, J. M. Berrien, and Isaac Russell for services in holding elections, etc.

Mr. Mercer of Chatham—To incorporate the Arkwright Manufacturing Company, of Savannah.

Mr. McArthur of Chatham—To create a board of commissioners of roads and revenues for Chatham.

Also, a resolution inviting Hon. Morgan Rawls to a seat on the floor. Adopted.

Mr. Johnson of Clay—To create a board of commissioners of roads and revenues for Clay county.

Mr. Tucker of Colquitt—To change the lines between the counties of Colquitt and Mitchell.

Mr. Corston of Dade—To amend the act to encourage the manufacturing of cotton and woolen fabrics by extending its provisions to iron.

Mr. Lyon of Dougherty—To repeal the act empowering the Ordinary of Dougherty county to levy an extraordinary tax for county purposes.

Also, to provide for the assessment of the value of taxable property in Dougherty county.

Also, a joint resolution of the Senate, and three from the House, to consider the proposition of the Stone Mountain Granite Company to sell their works to the State for the use of the penitentiary.

Mr. Dorsey of Fayette—To exempt the road commissioners of Fayette county from jury duty.

Mr. Hoge of Fulton—To repeal the act to prevent gaming of any sort in any retail liquor store.

Also, for the relief of Samuel Weil, of Fulton county.

Also, to regulate the practice in Justices' courts.

Mr. Calhoun, of Fulton—To repeal the act making it punishable for emigrants to leave their employers without refunding passage money.

Also, to amend the attachment laws of this State.

Mr. Osborne, of Gilmer—To explain the true extent and meaning of section 3652 of the Code.

Also, to reduce the official bonds of the sheriffs of Gilmer, Fannin and Pickens counties.

Mr. Young, of Gordon—To incorporate the Gordon Iron and Coal Manufacturing Company.

Mr. Pierce, of Hancock—To refund to the city of Macon the sum of $10,000, donated to a State's Orphan Home and paid into the treasury.

Also, to amend the act establishing a county court in each county, so far as relates to Hancock county.

Also, for the relief of the securities of T. C. Stivers, Tax Collector, of Hancock county, in 1870.

Mr. Murphy of Harris—To authorize the Governor to draw his warrant on the Treasurer in favor of A. A. Trammell, of Harris county, in the sum of $1,000 to compensate him for property taken from him in 1861 by order of the Governor.

Also, to regulate the pay of jurors in Harris county.

Mr. Duke of Jackson—To repeal the act incorporating Jefferson approved August 23d, 1872, and re-enact the one approved August 14th, 1872.

Also, to authorize W. S. Bailey, a minor, to sue and be sued.

Mr. Horne of Liberty—To amend the act creating a board of commissioners for Liberty county.

Mr. Tutt of Lincoln—To protect the agricultural products of this State and cotton from any other State from taxation by municipal corporations.

Also, to repeal the act creating a county court in each county so far as relates to Lincoln county.

Mr. Welchel of Lumpkin—To fix the compensation of jurors in Lumpkin county.

Also, to create a board of commissioners for Lumpkin county.

Mr. Bush, of Miller.—For the relief of maimed indigent soldiers.

Also, to amend Section 4000 of the Code.

Also, to provide for foreclosures of mortgages of personal property.

Also, to amend the act amending the attachment laws.

Also, to amend Section 4198 of the Code.

Also, to repeal the Act creating board of commissioners for Decatur county.

Also, to revive and declare in full force the act creating a criminal court in each county, so far as relates to Miller county.

Also, to amend the law relative to dower.

Also, to make it a misdemeanor to sell property subject to the lien of any judgment without notice.

Also, to suspend the collection of the State tax in Miller county for 1873.

Mr. Reese of Morgan—To amend the act incorporating the Madison Petroleum Company.

Also, to repeal the act changing the lines between the counties of Greene and Morgan.

Mr. Wofford of Murray—To create a board of commissioners for Murray county.

Mr. Peabody of Musgogee—To authorise the Judge of Muscogee Superior Court to draw a panel of forty-eight grand jurors.

Also, to amend the attachment laws.

Also, to amend section 3,199 of the Code.

Also, to define the liabilities of non-resident railway corporations in taxation.

Also, to authorize the Eagle Phœnix Factory Company of Columbus to establish a savings department.

Also, to amend section 2,259 of the Code.

Mr. Jenkins of Putnam—To organise a County Court in Putnam county.

Mr. Foster of Richmond—To require executions issued by Justices of the Peace to be recorded in the Clerk's office of the Superior Court.

Mr. Walsh of Richmond—To amend the act incorporating the Merchants' and Planters' Savings Bank.

Mr. Clark of Richmond—To repeal the act creating a board of commissioners for Richmond county.

Mr. Foster of Richmond—To amend section 1918 of the code.

Also, to repeal act amending garnishment laws.

Also, to re-enact the act granting certain privileges to the Chatham Artillery, so far as applies to the Oglethorpe Infantry, of Augusta.

Mr. Walsh, of Richmond—To provide for the payment of insolvent criminal costs in Richmond county.

Also, to incorporate the Manufacturers' Bank of Augusta.

Also, to incorporate the Enterprise Manufacturing Company of Georgia.

Mr. Dell of Scriven—To repeal the act making it punishable for any emigrant to leave his employer without refunding advances.

Also, to amend the criminal laws of the State.

Mr. Lowe of Stewart—To authorise J. W. Bowden to practice medicine in the counties of Stewart and Chattahoochee.

Mr. Fort of Sumter—To authorise the city of Americus to establish a system of public schools.

Also, to authorise administrators, etc., to invest in the capital stock of the Bank of Americus and the National Bank of Americus.

Mr. Flynt, of Taliaferro.—To change the time of holding Taliaferro Superior Court.

Mr. Edwards, of Tattnal.—To require the Ordinary of Chatham county to widen the bridge over Skidaway River to permit the free passage of timber rafts.

Mr. Stewart of Taylor—To change the lines between the counties of Taylor and Marion.

Mr. Longley of Troup—To repeal sections 1977 and 2361 of the code.

Also, to repeal sections 1436 to 1461 inclusive of the code.

Battle of Thomas—To exempt employees of the Atlantic and Gulf railroad from work on public roads in Thomas county.

Mr. Stephens, of Towns—To repeal so much of the act to compensate jurors in Rabun and Towns counties, so far as relates to Towns county.

Mr. Williams, of Union—To regulate the pay of jurors in Union county.

Mr. Clements, of Walker—To amend the act requiring justices of the peace and notaries public to keep dockets.

Mr McDaniel, of Walton—To repeal the act relative to giving in wild lands.

Also, to change the apportionment of representatives in the several counties of this State.

Mr. Cason, of Ware—To change the amount of bonds of officers of Ware county.

Also, to change the lines between the counties of Ware and Appling.

Mr. Dubose, of Warren.—To create a board of commissioners, of roads and revenues for Warren and Glascock counties.

Mr. Duggar, of Pannin.—To regulate the per diem of members and officers of the General Assembly. Per diem of the members fixed at $5.

Also, to allow the owner of real estate sold at judiciary sale to redeem the same upon certain conditions.

Mr. Swearingen of Decatur, was excused from serving on the committee of privileges and elections, as his seat was contested.

On motion of Mr. Tutt of Lincoln, the rules were suspended and a resolution offered by himself taken up and adopted, instructing the clerk to have the floor of the hall carpeted.

Message received from the Senate transmitting joint resolution adopted by the Senate requiring the Secretary of the Senate and Clerk of the House to report weekly the number of clerks employed by them.

A communication was received from his Excellency Governor Smith, transmitting the evidence in the contested election from Glynn county.

A motion to print 300 copies of Mr. Longley's bill relative to the stock law was lost by yeas 68, nays 71.

House adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Whitesburg, one of the smallest villages on the line of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad, shipped 97,268 pounds of butter during the past year.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

ROUMANIAN DIFFICULTY.

Important Order from the Secretary of the Treasury.

THE MEXICAN IMBROGLIO.

Conductors on the Harlem Railroad Indignant.

THE LOUISIANA MUDDLE.

Severe Storm on the Pacific Railroad.

THE YACHT CONTROVERSY.

Billiard Championship at New Orleans.

The Funeral Obsequies of Napoleon.

SUNDAY'S DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

ORDER FROM THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

WASHINGTON, January 12.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in a recent order, has decided that, except in cases where the circumstances are peculiar, it is inexpedient to commence suit for the recovery of duties on goods in bonded warehouses within the lines of the so-called Confederate States at the time the war opened, or for the recovery of duties on goods imported into said States while the jurisdiction of the United States over said State was interrupted. There are similar suits pending in Southern Courts awaiting decision.

The diplomatic correspondence accompanying the President's annual message has just been printed. It appears from the document that our government addressed letters to all of our ministers in Europe, instructing them to represent to the respective governments, to which they are accredited, the deep interest taken by the United States in the Jews of Roumania, and to ask their good offices in protecting them from outrages and persecutions. It is officially represented that the ill treatment is not connected with the religious question, but concerns labor, and that the Roumanian government finds it a difficult task to so act as to preserve public tranquility, and at the same time satisfy public opinion.

The Roumanian people call on their government to take measures to prevent the country from being overrun by Jews, and the authorities fear to take the required action, through fear of offending the tolerant spirit of Europe. Owing to this state of things, the country is kept in a constant state of agitation, which, prejudicial as it is to the interest of the province serves the aims of those who desire to render a stable government impossible in Roumania, and thus to facilitate its absorption by the neighboring powerful States.

Mr. Pixotto, our consul at Bucharest, in a communication to the State Department, says it is a source of satisfaction to know that the action already taken, and that contemplated by the powers, directly partaking of political contest, is likely to hasten the result had in view by our government, when in our appointment it sought to exercise a moral influence in the same direction.

Messrs. Robb & Savage of the Commissioners to inquire into the depredation by Mexicans on Texas frontier will leave Washington to-morrow for Chicago, where they will be joined by Gen. Osborne of that city who has been appointed a commissioner in the place of Mr. Meade, resigned.

Judge Moore, of Illinois, has been appointed secretary of the commission and when they reach the Rio Grande they will by the authority given them employ a translator and interpretor. Thus the arrangement for ascertaining all the facts in the inquiry with which they are charged are more complete than heretofore. The President takes a deep interest in the subject and has caused secret instructions to be issued as will render the commissioners more efficient in the collection of facts, and besides the cavalry are being sent to several points on the Rio Grande, in accordance with the recommendation of the commissioners with a view to guard several of the most exposed points from Mexico raids.

Private advices present that Gen. Cortina is stronger than ever and that he is now raising an army and will, on the fifteenth of March, issue a pronunciamento taking possession of the Mexican frontier, thus acting independently of the Mexican government. Accounts have been received that the treaty made by ministers Nelson and Marrizal, last fall, for the extension of the Mexican claims commission, has failed, the Mexican Congress having adjourned before Nelson returned with the treaty for the ratification. The present commission will, therefore, terminate next March or April, leaving many cases unadjusted.

NEW YORK.

THE INVESTIGATION OF THE CREDIT MOBILIER FRAUD, ETC.

NEW YORK, January 12.—Thomas C. Durant and Mr. Corsne, ex-president and ex-secretary of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, have been summoned before the Congressional Committee investigating the Credit Mobilier scandal.

Charles H. Nelson, son-in-law of Congressman Brooks, and C. K. Garrison, of California, now residing in this city, have been also, subpœnaed to appear before the committee.

Durant has commenced suit against James Brooks and Oakes Ames to recover a Credit Mobilier share, alleged to have been fraudulently obtained or unlawfully appropriated.

The suit against Ames is said to be based on the assertions of members of Congress and others, that they never received any shares, while the directors declare that Ames represented that he had made such distribution.

INDIGNANT CONDUCTORS.

It is understood that all the conductors of the Harlem railroad have tendered their resignations in consequence of an order requiring them to keep check books of their receipts, and give punch tickets to each passenger paying fare.

YACHT CONTROVERSY.

The Yacht Club has issued a pamphlet addressed to the Royal Yacht Squadron of England, concerning the Livonia races for the American cup. It is intended as a reply to Ashbury's pamphlet on the same subject.

LOUISIANA.

THE LOUISIANA MUDDLE.

NEW ORLEANS, January 12.—The city is quiet, but the politicians are active.

There is a quorum in both Legislatures. The fusionists are making preparations on an extensive scale for McEnery's inauguration on Monday, in LaFayette square, if clear; if raining, in the Exposition Hall. The ladies are invited to be present. The Pinchbackers will inaugurate Kellogg on Monday in Mechanics' Institute.

STEAMER KATIE SOLD.

The steamer Katie was sold to-day for $33,200. When repaired she will be commanded by Captain John W. Cashon.

BILLIARDS.

U. Bassey will reply to Dion's challenge of Tuesday, accepting the terms proposed, except the number of games are to be four and the number of points 2,000. The first game is to be played in New Orleans, the balance where Dion may designate.

WISCONSIN.

SEVERE STORM ON THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.

MILWAUKEE, January 12.—A dispatch from Minneapolis says that the storm on the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad was the severest ever known. At a station called Kickhaven there were several farmers in town. When the storm first burst upon them they left for home with their teams, and very few have been heard from since. One wagon was found containing a Mrs. Poland and a boy, both of whom were frozen to death. Many teams of both oxen and horses are found frozen, and the fate of their owners is unknown.

ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCK, January 12.— It is understood that the Republicans will make no caucus nomination for Senator. The Democrats hold the balance of power.

ALABAMA.

DAMAGE TO A STEAMER.

EUFAULA, January 12.—One of the flues of the left hand boiler on the upward bound steamer Julia St. Clair collapsed near here at 11:30 last night, scalding thirteen, mostly colored deck hands, and the firemen. One died immediately, one was drowned, two were mortally wounded, and one is unaccounted for. Among the scalded is Engineer Berry. He is also injured in the face.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, January 12.—The senatorial caucus was held in Jefferson City last night, and after eight unsuccessful ballots, adjourned until Monday. On the eighth ballot the vote stood, Blair 24; Paisley 27; Bogy 26; Anderson 12; Napton 6; West 7; Rollins 4. Reynolds, Edwards and Coleman each received 1 vote. Sixty votes were necessary for choice.

CONNECTICUT.

A WOMAN SENTENCED TO PRISON.

NEW HAVEN, January 12.—Mrs Lydia Sherman, the reputed poisoner of three husbands and two or three children, but who was only convicted of poisoning her late husband, was sentenced to the State prison for life yesterday. She received the sentence with the utmost indifference, and at the conclusion gracefully courtesied acknowledgments to the court. It is reported she has made a thrilling confession of her crimes.

SPAIN.

MADRID, January 12.—Great popular demonstration was made in this city yesterday, in favor of the proposed political reforms in Porto Rico and the abolition of slavery. A long procession, with three bands and twenty banners, passed through the principal streets. Conspicuous in the line were the Turtulia and Progressta clubs. The ranks of the Society for the Abolition of Slavery were filled with both Radicals and Republicans. A considerable number of negroes took part in the demonstration.

The Carlist troubles in the north still continue, but a patriotic spirit has been roused among the people, and volunteer bands are organizing for service against the insurgents. The inhabitants of the villages, of their own accord, assume a firm and hostile attitude; in some places they have effectually resisted the approach of Carlist bands. A volunteer battalion in this city is being mobilized for service in the field.

The King has signed a concession to a Spanish company for a telegraphic cable from Cadiz to Cuba, by way of the Canaries and Teneriffe.

MONDAY'S DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WASHINGTON, January 13—The reported consecration of the Protestant Church was premature. The ceremony was over the laying of the corner stone.

A bill for a constitutional convention, in May, for Ohio, became a law on Saturday.

Dispatches from the west of Chicago report a thaw with drizzling rain. Many have been frozen to death, and a fuel famine is apprehended.

Brower & Jake's paper mill's at Amsterdam, New York, are burned.

CONNECTICUT.

CONFESSION—ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

NEW HAVEN, January 13.—The confession of Mrs. Sherman will be published to-morrow. She admits the poisoning of eight persons.

John R. Johnson, who was found guilty, on Saturday, of murder in the first degree, attempted suicide in his cell by bursting an artery. He was found in time to save his life.

ENGLAND

LONDON, January 13.—A dispatch to the agent of the associated press, from a friend of the Imperial family, at Chizlehurst, gives the following description of the scene there:

The remains of the late Emperor have been placed in the coffin. The corpse is dressed in the uniform of a field marshal. His upper lip is bare, the moustache having been cut off to facilitate the taking of plaster cast. The beard which remains is brown and bushy. The features are stern and careworn and have, on expression of pain. The grand cordon legion of honor lies across his breast and hands, which were ungloved, were disposed in an easy and natural manner, right clasping left. On the fourth finger, left hand, is a ring with several diamonds, which were placed there by the Empress. A small cross of exquisite workmanship lies on his breast, and on the corpse are placed three sprigs of holly. Over the bed is a crown of violets is suspended; at the foot of the coffin is a brass vase he is lead, on which the Emperor died. Seated on either side at the lower end of the coffin, are priests, and the religious furniture of the room, as well as of the whole mansion, is simple and unostentatious. The body will be in state until Tuesday. The entrance to the hall of the chapel is guarded. The public will not be admitted to view the remains. No change has been made in time and place of funeral and burial as last announced. Ceremonies will probably begin at eleven Wednesday. The Empress is overwhelmed with sorrow, and her prostration is so great as to alarm her attendants. The Prince Imperial does all in his power to comfort her.

The Empress has received letters of condolence from the Emperor of Russia and the King of Italy.

Although none but relations and intimate friends of the deceased are admitted, Chizlehurst is crowded with visitors.

Religious services were held this morning in the Chapel, which was filled to repletion. Princes Matilde, Rouper, and Pietres and Drs. Conneau and Corvesaire were present. Father Goddard attempted to preach, but was overcome by his feelings and compelled to leave the pulpit.

John Benedetti arrived at Chiselhurst today, and was received by the Empress.

M. Ollivier and Marshal McMahon are expected there to-morrow. The Princess Murat and suite arrived this evening.

Great numbers of people from France are expected to come to the funeral.

The Southeastern and Northern Railways of France have reduced their rates of fare, in order to allow the poorer classes to attend the funeral.

It is reported that the Prince Imperial has already assumed the title of Napoleon IV. This report is doubtless incorrect, but it is true that the Prince is now addressed as "Sire" by all visitors at Chiselhurst.

The impression is gaining ground, that the Emperor died from the effects of chloroform, administered to assuage pain.

A BLOODY SNAKE.

A dispatch from Bombay says a report has reached that city that a terrible earthquake has occurred at Soonghur, a town of India, in the district of Baroda Dessingo, 114 miles north of Bombay. Fifteen hundred persons are said to have been killed in the town alone. Nothing has been heard from the surrounding county, but it is feared that there has been much additional loss of life.

FRANCE.

NAPOLEON'S BURIAL.

PARIS, January 13.—It is said that the government will permit the funeral interment of Napoleon's remains in France if the funeral is made strictly private, and is buried as ex-Emperor and not Emperor. The ceremonies must be simply of a religious character. The President is understood to have conferred with the Minister of the Interior and Prefect of Police, with the object of preventing the funeral if it takes place in France being made opportunely of a political manifestation.

The municipal council have adopted resolutions of condolence with Empress Eugenie's first subscription list for a monument to Napoleon which was opened by Perseverenza, of Milan, already exceeds $5,000, and that paper reports subscription for the same object to have been opened at Viena.

Financial and Commercial.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 13.—Cotton dull; middling uplands 20½; Orleans 21½; sales 609 bales.

Flour quiet. Wheat unchanged. Corn steady. Pork quiet—mess $13 75, asked $14. Lard firm—western steam 8¼@8 3-16, ¼ more asked. Turpentine 61½. Rosin firm at $3 85 for strained. Freights quiet.

Stocks dull. Gold steady at 12½. Money firm at 7. Exchange—long 9½; short 10¼. Governments very quiet. State bonds dull and steady.

LONDON, January 13.—Consols 92¼. 5s 90¼.

PARIS, January 13.—Rentes 54f 2c.

LIVERPOOL, January 13—noon.—Cotton opened quiet and steady; uplands 10½; Orleans 10¾.

LATER.—Cotton easier; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000.

Breadstuffs quiet.

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, January 13, 3 o'clock, P. M.

REMARKS.—There has been a very decided change in the weather during the past few days. This morning very pleasant and agreeable.

COTTON firm at 18½; asking higher.

EXCHANGE—Buying at ½ off and selling at par.

FINANCIAL.—Gold buying at $1 10; selling $1 12. Silver buying $1 04; selling $1 07.

BONDS AND STOCKS.—Georgia 6s 75a77; 7s 84a86; new Georgia bonds at the State Treasury $1. Atlanta city bonds, 7s, 70a73, 8s 80a83. Augusta 83a85. Georgia Railroad stock 98a95; Georgia Railroad bonds 95a98. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock 88a90; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds 94a96. Macon and Western Railroad stock 89a91. Georgia Banking and Trust Company stock $1 10a1 15.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Domestics—Graniteville, 7-8, 11; Trion, 7-8, 11; Augusta 7-8, 11½; Graniteville, 4-4, 13; Trion, 4-4, 13. Augusta, 4-4, 13; Graniteville, 3-4 9½. Augusta, 3-4, 16½; light osnaburgs 14½; heavy osnaburgs 16½c; Yarns $1 60. Roswell shirtings, 7-8, 11½; 4-4, 13. Checks 14½a16.

BEEF CATTLE.—Buying prices, gross 3a4½; net 6a9.

MUTTON.—Buying prices, gross 3½a4½; net 10c.

HOGS.—Buying prices, gross $4 90a5 15 on cot; net $7.

FRESH MEATS.—Dressed beef by the side, per pound, 6a8; retail 10a15. Mutton, whole, dressed 10a12½, retail 10a15. Hogs, dressed, 7; 10a12½ retail. Veal, dressed, 10; retail 12½ a15. Corned beef in kegs 12½; retail 12½.

SAUSAGES.—Linked, fresh, wholesale 15; retail 17a20; linked, smoked 15; retail 20. Sausages in 50 lb cans, green, 15. Bologna smoked, in bags, 15; retail 20a25. Hogshead cheese, wholesale 15; retail 20. Blood pudding 15; retail 20. Liver pudding, wholesale 15; retail 20.

BUTCHER'S MEATS.—Retail prices, corned beef in kegs 12½c; spiced 15c; hogs 8c; mutton 10a12½c; veal 10c; Sausages 15a17c; soup bone 10a25c.

BAGGING AND TIES.—Gunny 15; magnolia and other Western brands 15½a16; double anchor and Ludlow 16. Ties, 8½a9.

BACON.—Shoulders 6½.

BULK MEATS.—Shoulders 5½; C. R. sides new meat 7½; clear sides 8c.

LARD.—We quote buckets, 12; cans and kegs 10½; tierces, 9½.

FLOUR.—Fancy $10 50; extra family $9 50; family $8 25; superfine $7 50.

GRAIN.—We quote white corn 80; mixed, 75a78; in ear, 75. Wheat best quality $2; red wheat $1 80a1 90. Oats 53a60. Rye 1 15a1 20. Barley $1 10a1 15.

GROCERIES.—We quote: Sugars—Crushed Granulated and Powdered 14½. Coffee A 13½; for Extra C 13; Yellow C 12½. Brown 11½a13. Tallow 7. Liverpool salt $

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF STATE, COUNTY AND CITY.

The Largest City, County and State Circulation.

DEFIES REFUTATION

TO LAWYERS.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION by the Reporter of the Court.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

ATLANTA:

TUESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1873.

Weekly Subscription.

The order of Hon. R. D. Yow, representative from Franklin, has been complied with, and fifty copies of the weekly sent as directed.

Walton County.

This county is nobly represented by the Hon. Henry D McDaniel, a lawyer of ability, and a gentleman who has had much legislative experience. The interests of his people will be well taken care of.

A. L. Mitchell, Esq.

This young gentleman, of Athens, Georgia, who lost an arm in the Confederate service, is a candidate for the solicitorship of the Western Circuit. Those who know him well declare him well qualified and deserving of the office.

Two Excellent Members.

Among the members of the present House of Representatives who were in the last legislature are two young men of superior ability and promise. We allude to Hon. John C. Dell, of Screven county, and Hon. Isaac A. Bush, of Miller county. Both are quite young men; both have decide dtalent and force of character, and the return of both for a second term is a compliment from their constituents to be highly prized.

We look for useful things from these two talented young men.

Personal.

We acknowledge the pleasure of a visit from Mrs. DeGolyer Howe, correspondent of the New York Illustrated Record and Repository, now *en route* for the State capital. Mrs. Howe, representing the Illustrated Record, has entered upon a Southern tour for the purpose of gathering the materials requisite for biographical sketches of distinguished Southerners, her first field being Georgia. The Illustrated Record proposes to accompany these biographies by portraits of each subject, handsomely engraved by a competent artist. Mrs. Howe is now preparing biographical sketches of the late Hon. Linton Stephens, the Rev. Dr. Lovick Pierce, the venerable octogenarian of the Methodist Church in Georgia, the Rev. Geo. F. Pierce, Bishop of Georgia, Governor James M. Smith, General John B. Gordon, Hon. A. H. Stephens and others.

The State House Officers.

The three retiring State House officers, Madison Bell, Nedom L. Angier, and D. G. Cotting, were elected under Radical auspices and formed part of the detested and criminal Bullock administration.

No higher compliment can be paid these gentlemen than to say, as can be said, that they retire from a four years' incumbency of their most important offices, high in the esteem of the people, and carrying with them, to private life, the reputation of having filled the measure of their public duties most efficiently.

Dr. Angier, particularly, won the gratitude of our people by his bold, sleepless battle against Bullock. He spent his own means to prevent the consummation of the iniquity of prolongation. Strictly conservative in his political views, he rather steered between parties, and adhered to his obligations as a faithful officer.

All of these have been polite, honest, attentive and capable officers.

The three new incumbents, Colonel Barnett, Secretary of State; Honorable John A. Jones, Treasurer; and Honorable W. L. Goldsmith, Comptroller, are well known to the people of Georgia, and enter upon the duties of their offices with reputations in advance.

The election of Colonel Barnett and Colonel Jones is a matter of some curious significance. These gentlemen were incumbents of the offices they now hold, when reconstruction began its first dealings with Georgia after the war. They were members of Governor Jenkins' administration. When the national government placed its mailed hand upon the throat of the commonwealth, these faithful public servants were removed because they refused to become pliant tools under the Federal soldiers to misrule the State.

Governor Jenkins and these devoted servants were deposed from power. Their boldness and fidelity to their great trusts gave them a claim upon the State which has been recognized at the first opportunity, and which, beyond all other things, secured their reelection over opponents of worth and popularity.

Republics are not always ungrateful, as has been shown in this case. The Comptroller, who was deposed at the same time, was Colonel Burns, not a candidate for re-election.

Colonel Goldsmith, the new Comptroller, though young, has made his mark. He is thirty-five years old, and a South Carolinian by birth. He moved to Georgia when eleven years old. He comes of revolutionary stock. One of his grandfathers was with Washington at Yorktown when Cornwallis surrendered.

He attended the Cherokee College and the Lumpkin Law School. He entered the Confederate army as a Third Lieutenant in the 4th Georgia Infantry. He served in the army of Northern Virginia under Longstreet and A. P. Hill in nearly all the famous battles of that army. He fought his way up to the rank of Lieutenant Colonel.

Since the war he has been practicing law in DeKalb county. He was elected a Democratic member from that county to the last Legislature, and won a fine reputation. He is able and affable. He served as one of the famous legislative committee to investigate the management of the State Road.

His election as Comptroller General over his many and powerful opponents is a crowning tribute to his worth and popularity.

We congratulate the State upon the admirable selection of these officers, and predict for them an administration creditable to themselves and beneficial to the commonwealth.

South Carolina News.

The new court house has been dedicated. Charleston reports a number of buildings in process of erection.

The small pox is subsiding in Anderson county, and the mumps have set in.

Burglars are operating in Charleston.

Aiken is to have a national bank.

J. Overton Lewis, a highly esteemed citizen of Oconee county, is dead.

The meningitis continues its ravages in the vicinity of Townville.

The total value of all real estate in Abbeville county is $4,661,236 65; total value of personal property $3,678,612.

The Comptroller General's Report.

This interesting document is out. Major Bell has done his work well.

The whole State tax has only been fifty cents on the hundred dollars, including the school tax. In proportion to her taxable property, taxation is less in Georgia than in any of her sister States.

On the public debt $409,292 has been paid as interest, and $263,500 as principal.

There are very few unreturned wild lots of land in the State.

The system of insurance supervision has worked well. Last year the net revenue was $28,545,26, or an increase since 1866 of $31,-332.96 during the last four years.

The taxable property of the State has increased over forty-eight millions of dollars. The present return is $236,000,000, which is still an under valuation.

The receipts for 1872 show some curious figures. The whole receipts were $1,914,573. Of this $946,814 was from general tax, of which only $653,418 was for the curren' year, one-third being for the four previous years. The poll tax was $123,972, of which $72,574 was for the year 1872.

The payments include $75,105 for the civil establishment; $33,617, contingent fund; printing fund, $42,453; legislative pay roll, $179,251; public debt, $692,892; special appropriation, $270,901.

LANDS.

The return of lands shows a decreased return of 574,197 acres over the last year, the return being 33,553,907 acres. The average value has increased from $2 84 to $2 87 per acre. The aggregate value has decreased from $98,557,512 to $94,491,300 or $4,276,212.

Bibb county increased 131,022 acres in number while falling off $27,416 in value. Fulton increased 6,808 acres, or from 291,497 to 298,305, while in value the increase was $22,025, or from $1,490,337 to $1,512,360. The average value per acre, however, in Fulton fell off from $5 11 to $5 07. Chatham values her 377,318 acres, a decrease of 3,089, at $1,874,296, or a decrease of $1,934 in value. Richmond's return of acres has fallen off 21,473 acres, or down to 382,840, valued at $1,391,216, or a diminution of $83,490.

The North Georgia county where land is most valuable is Floyd, and the cotton county is Houston. Floyd has 294,304 acres, worth $2,045,782. Houston has 404,479 acres, worth $1,824,059. Houston's double quantity of land is worth nearly two hundred thousand dollars less than Floyd's. Floyd, however, decreased her return 15,274 acres and Houston increased hers 11,205 acres. Floyd's land decreased in value $67,761 and Houston's increased $15,741. Floyd land ran in average value from $6 83 to $6 95 per acre, and Houston land fell off from $4 62 to $4 53 per acre.

These are curious statistics. Bartow, with 275,357 acres, is worth $1,919,530, while Burke, with 561,073 acres, is worth only $1,340,891. And strange to say, Bartow decreased her return 35,953 acres at a diminution in value of $36,948, and an increase of average value from $6 28 to $7 00 per acre. while Burke increased her return 43,336 acres, at an enhanced value of $128,300, and an increase of average value of only from $2 34 to $2 39.

Thus we see North Georgia lands double the value of cotton lands, yet the return of the North Georgia lands falls off, while the returns of cotton lands increase. Yet, in spite of these facts, the increase in the average value of the North Georgia lands is greater than that of the cotton lands.

The improved land in 1872 was 27,644,226 acres, worth $93,132,054, or $3 37 per acre. The wild land was 6,036,902 acres, worth $3,105,118, or 35 cents per acre. The improved land in default was 214,737 acres, worth $333,481.

Bibb has the largest number of acres of wild land, 895,519 acres.

Fulton has 102,635 acres of improved land, worth $1,438,672, or $14 09 per acre. She has 196,370 acres of wild land worth $73,688, or 37 cents per acre. She has only 165 acres of improved land in default, worth $10,600.

Fulton has the most valuable land in the State. Her improved land is worth $14 09 per acre; Chatham, $12 77; Bibb, $9 72; Floyd, $8 44; DeKalb, $8 29; Polk, $8 18; Richmond, $8 13; Bartow, $5 01 Clayton, $7 89; Cobb, $7 06; Houston, $5 11; Dougherty, $6 02.

Again do we see the greater value of North Georgia lands over the old valuable cotton lands.

Clayton has the most valuable wild lands at $1 10 per acre, except Appling, $2 21 per acre. Pierce has the lowest wild land, 13 cents per acre.

CITY AND TOWN PROPERTY, MONEY AND MERCHANDISE.

The city and town property has increased from $52,189,734, in 1871, to $55,219,519 in 1872, or $3,059,785. Money and solvent debts have ran from $30,590,796 to $33,629,751 or $3,038,955. Merchandise has grown from $12,986,013 to $13,849,468.

Glynn fell in town property $97,068; Dougherty, $69,371; Richmond, $67,350.

Fulton county has increased in town property from $10,261,801 to $11,270,681, or $1,008,880; in money and solvent debts from $1,638,940 to $2,097,653 or $463,713, and fell on merchandise from $1,778,008 to $1,776,013, or $1,985.

Fulton shows the largest increase in city property and money and good debts, except Bibb, which, while less in the former, $403,-567, shows increase in the latter, $780,212. Chatham increased $407,267 in city property, but decreased $198,819 in money. Floyd grew $336,200 in city property. Muscogee fell off $6,850. Spalding grew $45,976; Troup, $98,287; Wilkes, $63,570; Whitfield, $44,-836.

Chatham's city property is worth $12,956,-530; Bibb's, $4,166,687; Richmond's, $6,113,-850; Muscogee's, $2,937,475.

Chatham's merchandise ran to $2,257,171; Bibb's, $1,123,020; Fulton's, $1,776,013; Muscogee's $755,900; Richmond's, $1,438,960.

FURNITURE, TOOLS AND LABOR.

Household and kitchen furniture decreased to $1,476,263, or $92,176. Plantation and mechanical tools over $300 increased to $164,005, or $8,583. Hands employed, between 12 and 65 years old, decreased from 114,998 in 1871, to 110,439 in 1872, or 4,560.

Fulton had the largest increase of furniture, or $37,975. Also of tools $38,340.

Brooks decreased the extraordinary amount of $84,371 in furniture, falling off from $88,-196 to $3,825. Bibb decreased $475; Oglethorpe $68,678; Richmond $5,300.

LABOR.

Troup reports the most lands, 4,333, an increase of 235; Washington next, 2,987, or 101 increase; Hancock, 2,836, or 173 increase; Houston, 2,846, or 603 decrease; Jasper, 2,771, or 540 increase. Sumter and Stewart both decreased. Morgan increased 362. Hancock increased. Elbert decreased from 1,806 to 984; Burke from 2,886 to 1,643; Baker from 1,193 to 984.

Strange changes of labor are shown above. Bartow fell off from 235 to 147; Whitfield, 157 to 63.

STOCKS, BONDS, ETC.

Stocks and bonds held by Georgians ran, in 1871, to $4,967,347; in 1872, to $4,996,883; shipping, $182,313; cotton factories, $3,895,-150; iron works, $830,382; mining, $5,280; national bank shares, 6,643, worth $3,670,986.

Richmond led in stocks and bonds, owning $3,623,409; Chatham next, $3,290,500; Fulton had $944,788 in 1871, and fell off to $174,883; Bibb, $106,640; Muscogee, $106,-650; Hancock, $163,309.

COTTON FACTORIES.

Bibb, $80,000; Brooks, $3,930; Chatham, $3,000; Chattooga, $187,000; Clarke, $368,-900; Cobb, $232,000; Coweta, $16,000; Dawson, $1,300; Decatur, $10,000; DeKalb, $20,-000; Douglas, $7,000; Early, $30,000; Elbert, $12,300, Emanuel, $8,000; Fannin, $1,450; Greene, $40,000; Hancock, $70,000; Harris, $31,000; Henry, $1,000; Houston, $30,000; Jackson, $4,000; Macon, $1,200; Meriwether, $900; Muscogee, $1,519,500; Newton, $18,500; Pickens, $15,000; Pulaski, $12,000; Randolph, $12,500; Richmond $685,200; Rockdale, $1,200; Talbot, $5,500; Taylor, $50,000; Upson, $80,000; Walton, $56,000.

NATIONAL BANK SHARES

Fulton has $464,500; Muscogee, $100,000; Richmond, $1,744,880.

Fulton leads in iron foundries, having $234,-000; Floyd, $87,350; Muscogee, $90,000; Chatham, $72,500; Clarke, $99,700; Bibb, $35,750.

All other property, not enumerated, runs to $28,587,861, being a decrease of $1,536,637. The aggregate value of all the property in the State is $348,620,466, or an increase of $9,127,998.

Chatham has $35,233,116 of property, all told, an increase of $1,912,066; Fulton, $18,-271,052, increase $1,747,287; Richmond, $16,410,821, increase $708,315; Bibb, $9,297,-278, increase $1,959,671; Muscogee, $7,866,-662; decrease $205,191; Floyd, $5,044,834, increase $278,545; Bartow, Clarke, Sumter, Troup, Houston and Coweta range from three and a half to three and a quarter millions.

Early is the poorest county, being worth, all told, only $204,742. Charlton next, $219,-181; Colquitt the same.

Dougherty decreased most, $,500; Stewart next, $221,298; Wilkes $194,027. Fifty-one counties fell off in value.

POLLS.

There were 104,295 white 72,349 colored polls, 176,635 altogether. There are 2,563 professional men—123 dentists; 32 auctioneers; 60 daguerrean artists; 115 billiard tables; 80 blind; 73 deaf, and 78 dumb.

The clerk hire and service of the Legislature cost $33,199 for the January session, 1872. For the July and August session of 1872, they cost $93,175.

The investigating committees cost $40,-877 92.

This report is a most complete and interesting one. A vast amount of labor has been put upon it, and it does credit to the industry and skill of Major Madison Bell, the comptroller, and his assistant, Colonel Thompson Allan.

THE COTTON MATTER.

Important Statement by our Washington Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, January 9, 1873.

About a year ago, when a movement was set on foot to secure the refunding of the tax paid on raw cotton, which had been declared an unconstitutional tax by the Supreme Court of the United States, I took ground against the bill at the time, introduced by Representative McKee, of Mississippi, for the reason that, if passed, it would place the greater portion of the $70,000,000 to be refunded in the hands of a ring, and that the producers, by whom the tax was paid, would not secure one dollar. This, briefly stated, is the position I then assumed, and about the same time Representative McIntyre, of Georgia, in a letter widely circulated throughout the South, and generally commended, gave utterance to similar views. I was further strengthened in my belief by the facts obtained from the Treasury Department relative to the refunding of the tax on cotton, of which one-half has been retained by claim agents here, the remainder going into the pockets of intermediary parties, but in no instance in the hands of producers.

A list of amounts paid to parties representing Georgia claimants was obtained by the writer, and did much, I believe, to arouse planters to the injury, or rather the injustice, that would be done them by the passage of such a bill as that introduced by Mr. McKee.

Mr. McIntyre has made a specialty of this matter, and early in the present session introduced a bill providing that the amount to be refunded should be distributed *pro rata* among the cotton States, and by them apportioned among the *bona fide* tax payers. By this means the extension of claim agents will be avoided, and the money will go to its legitimate destination.

Several members of Congress who opposed Mr. McIntyre's views at first, have agreed to support his measure, and he will do all in his power to secure action upon it during the present session.

The duty of Southern Representatives with regard to this matter is plain, and if they do not see it, or have allowed themselves to be enmeshed by the cotton tax lobby, their constituents should take steps to enlighten and release them. Every man who raised a bale of cotton while this was in operation has a direct pecuniary interest in this question, and should see to it that the money, unconstitutionally collected by the government, if refunded, is not misapplied. It is in the interest of such persons that I address this communication to the Southern press. It gives, in succinct form, a true statement of the case, and presents facts of which many, no doubt, have heretofore been in ignorance. Very respectfully,

CHARLES A. PILSBURY,
Washington Correspondent.

General Gordon for Senator.

Editors Constitution: I see from the columns of your paper, that there is a lively contest going on for the prize of the golden apple, United States Senatorship, and it is with a feeling of unfeigned *pleasure* that I read from your chronicle that the probabilities are that General Gordon is heading the race. While we would not disparage the claims of any, yet General Gordon is a man that the people of Georgia would like to honor—every way a man—socially, morally, and intellectually. He was Georgia's pride during the late war, and since the war, amid all the political confusion, to be on the side of Gordon was to be on the side of Georgia's safety and honor. He is one of a very few of those men, like Washington, and Lee, and Stonewall Jackson, that you can shut your eyes and go it blind on.

By nature a gentleman, with a finely cultivated mind, a finished orator, and intuitively a man who commands the love of his friends and the admiration of his enemies—as courageous as a lion, and as gentle as a lamb; a man of national reputation, with no old political prejudices to check his influence; a live man, a man of to-day, and in full accord with the spirit of the Democratic party, he deals with the issues of the day as he finds them without resurrecting the fossils of the past generation, and, for many reasons, could do much to represent Georgia's honor and interest in the national councils.

SOUTHWESTERN GEORGIA.

Americus, January 10, 1873.

Alabama News.

Fox's Humpty Dumpty drew well in Selma.

Scarlet fever is prevailing in Eufaula.

The Woodson place, near Huntsville, containing four hundred and twenty-one acres, was sold at public auction recently for $35 per acre, cash.

The three card monte men, with Robinson's circus, made money out of the unsophisticated in Greenville.

Miles Slaughter has been elected mayor of Opelika.

Special to the Constitution.

TOM HARDEMAN'S DISABILITIES.

Two Additional United States Judges in Georgia.

Congressmen Beck and McIntyre Hard at Work.

Georgia to Sue for her Cotton Money.

Improving the Savannah River.

WASHINGTON, January 13, 1873.

A bill is now before the judiciary committee of the House of Representatives providing for

TWO ADDITIONAL UNITED STATES JUDGES

for Georgia, with a court at Macon. Bingham, chairman of the committee, favors the bill. Congressman Beck will endeavor to secure its passage at an early day.

Mr. McIntyre, of the First District, will ask for a suspension of the rules for the passage of a bill allowing the State of Georgia to

SUE FOR HER COTTON MONEY,

thirty-six thousand dollars, in the Court of Claims.

Mr. Beck intends introducing a bi l to

REMOVE TOM HARDEMAN'S DISABILITIES,

and will reply to H. P. Farrow's charges against that gentleman, if he can get the floor.

IMPROVING THE SAVANNAH RIVER.

Mr. McIntyre introduced, this morning, a bill appropriating $200,000 for the further improvement of the Savannah River.

BY TELEGRAPH.

TO THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

SENATORIAL SCRAMBLE.

New York's Aldermen are Going to Prevent any more Loss of Life by Fire.

Governor Hendricks of Indiana Delivers his Inaugural.

A Prussian Paper Compliments the United States and Denounces England.

Another of Stokes' Attorneys Abandons Him.

Spanish Army in Cuba Reinforced.

Porto Rico don't want her Darkies set Free too Fast.

WASHINGTON.

THE LOUISIANA MUDDLE BEFORE CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, January 13.—The President sent to the House of Representatives to-day, in answer to a resolution of that body of the 16th of December last, a mass of papers on the subject of Louisiana political affairs, furnished by Attorney General Williams. The papers embrace copies of the report of the judicial proceedings, correspondence by mail and telegraph, memorials, and other matter, nearly all of which have heretofore been before the public.

The following telegram from General Emory, dated New Orleans, January 11th, to the Adjutant General's office, closes the correspondence:

"As Mr. Kellogg has been declared by Governor Pinchback and the Legislature, which he recognizes as the Governor elect of Louisiana, I presume it is intended by my instructions that I shall also recognize him, and shall accordingly do so, unless otherwise instructed. I addressed letters to the General commanding the army on the 8th and 9th, but they may not reach in time for action. The situation is becoming more complicated, and in my opinion the use of the troops is simply to keep the peace. Cannot lead to a satisfactory or permanent solution of the difficulties here. The report of the Attorney General alluded to by the President in his message does not accompany the papers.

The speech of General DuBose on Saturday, favoring government aid in behalf of the Atlantic and Great Western Canal, attracts general attention. The burden of his argument was against the unconstitutionality of the aid which is asked. He furnished facts and figures, showing that the work was a national necessity.

The friends of the James River and Kanawha Canal will have a hearing before the commerce committee of the House to-morrow.

The House adopted a resolution for an inquiry into the conduct of Judge Durrell, of Louisiana, with a view of his impeachment.

An animated discussion was produced in House on a resolution offered by Mr. Sheldon, of Louisiana, for the appointment of a joint select committee on the Louisiana troubles.

It was opposed by many of the leading members of both sides of the House, and advocated by others. Finally a resolution was offered by Gararty, of Ohio, which was adopted in its stead, referring the whole matter, with a message from the President thereon, to the Judiciary Committee.

JUDGES SUMPHRIES AND BUSTEED EXCHANGE PLACES.

Judge Humphries, district judge here, and Judge Busteed exchange places. Both resigned and were nominated to each others' places.

Senate proceedings unimportant.

PROBABILITIES.

For the New England States, cloudy weather, with rain and snow to-night, but winds veering to Westerly and North-Westerly, with clearing weather and falling temperature on Tuesday from Tennessee to the upper lake region, and Eastward over the Middle States. Northwesterly and Westerly winds in lower Tennessee, and clear and clearing weather. For South Atlantic and Gulf States East of the Mississippi, winds veering to Westerly and Northerly, with clear and clearing weather; for the North-West, falling, and winds shifting to Southerly and Easterly.

MISSOURI.

THE SENATORIAL SCRAMBLE.

ST. LOUIS, January 13.—The democratic caucus nominated Colonel L. V. Bogy for United States senator.

NEW YORK.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

NEW YORK, January 13.—The widow of President Tyler is about selling her property on Staten Island for the purpose repurchasing the Tyler estate in Virginia.

NEW YORK.

THE CREDIT MOBILIER FRAUD, ETC.

NEW YORK, January 13.—Ex-Mayor D. C. Kingsland, aged 75 years, is dead.

At an interview yesterday Thomas C. Durant said he would not be surprised if the names of William E. Dodge and Hooper appeared in the list of Credit Mobilier stockholders. He also intimated that Dodge took care of President Grant's interest in town lots, in the connection. Durant does not think the books of the Credit Mobilier will disclose anything if they are found, but if they are not found he has a certified copy of them.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, January 13.—The weather is clear and pleasant.

M'ENERY INAUGURATED.

McEnery was inaugurated Governor in Lafayette Square to-day. Several thousand persons were in attendance, including many ladies. The ceremonies were opened with prayer by Bishop Pierce, followed by the inaugural address by McEnery. The oath of office was then administered, and the ceremonies concluded with a benediction by Rev. J. K. Greetheim.

ANOTHER INAUGURATION.

Kellogg was inaugurated at Mechanics Institute, the doors of which are still guarded by United States soldiers. The Senators repaired to the hall of the House, where acting Governor Pinchbeck delivered a short valedictory, followed by Kellogg's inauguration.

ENGLAND

ARRANGEMENTS COMPLETED FOR THE EMPEROR'S FUNERAL.

LONDON, January 13.—A dispatch from Chiselhurst announces that visitors continue to arrive there.

The Empress Eugenie is seriously indisposed, and her condition causes much alarm among her friends.

The arrangements for the funeral of the Emperor have been completed. It will take place Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. The remains will be conveyed to the chapel in a hearse drawn by eight horses. The Prince Imperial will follow as chief mourner. Next will come the Princess of the imperial family, Prince of Wales, present members of the diplomatic corps, the aristocracy, the officers who were attached to the household of the Emperor and the friends of the family, in the above named order. Ladies will proceed to the chapel in advance of the funeral cortege. The procession will be of a very simple character.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, January 13.—The Prussian Cross Gazette to-day contains a bitter article against England. It considers the invasion of Kahiva by the Russian troops as a negotiation of Prussia with Portugal for the acquisition of Delogoa bay, and measures have been taken by the United States in regard to the Sandwich Islands, as so many attacks on the prestige of England. The article alludes to Russia and the United States in a complimentary manner, and intimates that these powers, combined with Germany, might divide the world between them.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

ALABAMA.

BUSTED FOR SENATOR.

SELMA, January 13.—The Selma Times, a leading democratic journal, will, in to-morrow's issue, advocate the election of Hon. Richard Busteed as Senator from Alabama, it being impossible to elect a democrat.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 13.—In the battle of the companies, of the fifth cavalry, with Apachee Indians on the 29th of December, near Salt River, not a worrior escaped. All of the band were killed, and twenty-five women and children captured.

A New Mexico freight train, for Campbell, was attacked by Apachees, and a wagon-master killed at Pivas Altos. The Indians also killed some of the white men, and were afterwards seen on the reservation stealing clothes from murdered men.

NEW YORK.

MUNICIPAL.

NEW YORK, January 13.—At a meeting of the assistant aldermen to-day a resolution was offered that the Legislature be memorialized to amend the building laws so that hotels, theatres, churches, factories, and other buildings in which persons congregate, shall have such means of egress and escape as will provide against the loss of life. Also, that an ordinance be drafted requiring telegraph lines in this city to be run underground.

A resolution was adopted that a committee be appointed to consider and report upon the feasibility of utilizing water from the North and East rivers for fire and cleansing purposes.

Lyman Tremaine, principal counsel for Stokes, it is understood, has retired from the case, the chief point raised by the defense on the basis of the application for a new trial being the alleged unconstitutionality of the new jury law, of which he was a personal advocate and warm indorser. It may be stated that Governor Hoffman signed the bill after consultation with members of the Court of Appeals, who indorsed it.

INDIANA.

HENDRICK'S INAUGURAL.

The legislature met in joint convention this morning and General Hendrick's was inaugurated. In his inaugural address he said:

It is primary among our obligations to see that every duty which the State owes to us is faithfully discharged; that the rights and powers of the State are maintained and upheld. Between the rightful authority of the State and the powers of the United States, there should be no conflict; and if they be asserted and exercised in the spirit of the constitution, and with a proper appreciation of their relations, there will be none. Under the constitution each State and the United States are so related that to support one is fidelity to both, and hostility toward each other is hostility to both, and the exercise of unwarranted authority by either provokes collision, which is public wrong. The Federal power has become so very great, the area of its operations so extended, and the allurements to its service so seductive that our most watchful care is necessary to preserve the proper dignity and just influence of the State. It should attract attention and excite serious concern, when local troubles and controversies, growing out of matters wholly of a State concern, are made a pretext for interposition of Federal authority and the menace of national arms. Surely you will agree with me that Indiana is a great commonwealth, and her people are so entirely capable of self-government, that every question and controversy connected with her policy, growing out of her action, and within the sphere of her reserved sovereign as a State of the Union, must be settled and adjusted according to her pleasure and by her authority. My conduct upon all questions that touch the relations between the State and the United States, shall be governed by an earnest desire to preserve legitimate authority of both, and to maintain most sincere harmony by a prompt and full discharge of every duty, and the exercise of fraternal comity. I will labor to promote a cordial and enduring friendship between Indiana and other States.

The Governor calls attention to election laws, and recommends fair and real representation upon election boards, of all political parties; that voting places should be numerous, and precincts swell so that voters may be known by neighborhood, as well as by offices, and he also recommends that a reasonable period of residence in a precinct as a qualification to vote. He recommends representative reforms; reform in the civil service of the State, and an increase in the salaries of judges of the Supreme and Inferior Courts of the State. He urges special protection and fostering care over free schools, and guarding with anxious care the funds that support them.

RHODE ISLAND.

PROVIDENCE, January 13.—Schooner Robert Palmer, from Boston for Mobile, put into Newport to-day, having sprung a leak in a gale on the night of the 11th.

CANADA.

OTTAWA, January 13.—Hon. Mr. Sangerin, minister of public works, and Sir Jno. B. McDonald are to be examined to-day in the interest of the British Government, to show that there was no knowledge on the part of the Canadian authorities prior to the occurrence of the St. Albans raid and Lake Erie affair, of any intention to violate the neutrality laws. Mr. Somles, of Stanbans, represents the United States Government, and conducts the cross examination. Sir George Carter was to have been examined in London on the 3d inst.

SOUTH AMERICA.

ASPINWALL, January 6, via Kingston, Jamaica.—The revolution in the State of Cauca is progressing in favor of the Church party, who expect assistance from the President of Equador.

A conspiracy to assassinate the President of Peru by means of torpedoes placed on the railroad over which he was to ride was frustrated and the leaders in the movement arrested.

A revolutionary plot has been discovered at Arequipa. The would-be revolutionists were arrested and banished from the country.

SPAIN.

TROOPS SAILED—A MANIFESTO.

MADRID, January 13.—Additional reinforcements for the army in Cuba sailed for Havana.

A manifesto has appeared against the proposed reforms in Porto Rico. It advocates the gradual abolition of slavery. It strongly opposes the policy of the government with Antillas. The paper is numerously signed by the nobility and members of monarchical parties.

A Tale of the Telegraph.

From an Article on the Associated Press in the Chicago Times.]

MANY GOOD STORIES

are told of telegraphic mistakes of over-anxious agents of neophytes in news collecting, but this article is already so long as to preclude their recital. There is one, however, which General Stager recalls, while the joke is a goo done. In 1847 when James K. Polk was President, he submitted to Congress his annual message. At that time Mr. Richard Smith, familliarly known as "Dick Smith," of the Cincinnati Gazette, was acting as Associated Press agent at Cincinnati, and John Brough as editor of the Enquirer, afterward filling the position of Governor of the State, worked with him in assisting General Stager, at that time chief operator and manager of the Cincinnati office. The message was received by the Morse system, but every word was printed on damp paper, on the plan now generally used in country offices in Canida or other localities where the operators have not attained the ability to read by sound. The message was received all one night Brough gave out, General Stager taking his place. Shortly after

"DICK" SMITH FELL ASLEEP,

but after a rest started of again, until the message was finished, as the day was dawning. The operator at the Pittsburg end of the wire was so overjoyed to think that he had finished the task, that at the end of the message, and before sending the signature, he added the words, "God and liberty, "then signing it, "James K. Polk." This was a well known expression at the time, being constantly used by Santa Anna, the Mexican leader, at the close of his proclamations. The entire Western newspaper press, with one exception, fell into the mistake and published the message with the addition, whereat there was the greatest commotion, James K. "raising Kain," and an investigation committee being appointed to find out the delinquent. Strange to say, he was never exposed. It might be said it would have been stranger if he had, for events proved that the additional words had been added to by Mr. James H. Reed, the telegraphic manager, who just at the time was in the act of relieving the operator. The celebrated

"GOD AND LIBERTY" MESSAGE

filled nine columns, and took thirty-six hours in transmission. The comparison with the speed at which the late message of President Grant was wired, as related above, can not fail to be interesting.

THE CATTLE TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES.—The ninth census gives some interesting statistics of the number of cattle and the trade in the United States. There are 13,566,005 beeves and store cattle, 8,935,342 milch cows, 1,319,272 working oxen, 28,477,-951 sheep and lambs, and 25,134,569 swine distributed among the States and Territories.

In the State of Maryland there are 98,079 beeves and store cattle, 95,794 milch cows, 32,491 working oxen, 159,597 sheep, 358,893 hogs.

In the State of Virginia there are 227,285 beeves and store cattle, 187,471 milch cows, 15,987 working oxen, 379,145 sheep, 674,670 hogs.

Of the steers and fat oxen, not far from 400,000 are annually slaughtered West and South of Cuicago, 150,000 in that city, and about 750,000 are sent to the cities of New York, Albany, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Fully 5,000,000 sheep and lambs are used up annually, of which more than 1,000,-000 were sold to slaughterers in New York city. In eleven Western States, from which returns were received, there were packed last season 4,868,449 hogs; very nearly 2,000,000 were received in New York alive, and not far from 1,000,000 in Boston, and about 500,-000 in Baltimore and Philadelphia, so that at least 10,000,000 are yearly slaughtered in all the States.

Dr Mortuis.

Mr. Aaron Brown, of Carroll county, died a few days ago.

Mrs. Mamie Adams, of Sandersville, died January 9th.

Financial and Commercial.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 13.—Cotton dull; middling uplands 20¾; Orleans 21¼; sales 1,326 bales.

Cotton—net receipts to-day 1,186; gross 8,271 bales.

Cotton sales for future delivery to-day 7,450 bales, as follows: January, 19 11-16 a19¾. February, 19¾a1913-16. March, 20¾. April, 20⅛a20 9-16. May, 20⅝a20 13-16. June, 21⅛. August, 19 11-16.

Flour in moderate demand; common to fair extra $6 15a8 75; good to choice extra $8 85a12 75. Whisky lower at 94a94½. Wheat 1a2 cents better, with offerins light, and the advance claimed checks business; winter dull dull and unchanged. Corn dull and without material change. Pork dull and unchanged at $13 75a$14. Beef dull—mess $10a12, plain; extra mess $12a13 50. Lard weak—western steam 8a8½; kettle rendered 8¼. Turpentine dull at 61½. Rosin firm at $3 85.

Gold closed at 12½a12⅝. 81s 14⅛; 62s 18¾. State bonds dull, very quiet and nominal.

LATER—Money easier to-day; bulk of business on call was at 7, although at the close some loans were made at 5a6. Exchange dull at 9¾a9¾. 64s 13½; 65s 14⅛; new 13⅜; 67s 14⅜; 68s 14⅜; new 5s 11¾, 10-40s 10¾.

LONDON, January 13, evening—Turpentine 45s 6d.

LONDON, January 13—5 P. M.—Consols and American securities unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, January 13—evening.—Cotton closed quiet and easier; sales 12,000 bales, speculation and export 2,000; of the sales 7,000 were American. Sales of cotton shipped from Savannah or Charleston for December and January, at 9¼. Shipments of cotton from Bombay since last report to the 13th, 21,000 bales.

CHARLESTON, January 13.—Cotton dull; middlings 19¼; net receipts 2,024 bales, exports to Great Britain 319; coastwise 5,093; sales 400; stock 41,128.

MOBILE, January 13.—Cotton weed; good ordinary 17¾; low middlings 18 1-2; middlings 19¼; net receipts 1,287 bales; gross 3,437; exports coastwise 400; sales 300; stock 44,199.

WILMINGTON, January 13.—Cotton quiet; middlings 19 1-4; net receipts 97; stock 2,816.

PHILADELPHIA, January 13.—Cotton quiet; middlings 20¼21.

AUGUSTA, January 13.—Cotton nominal; middlings 19; net receipts 954; sales 535.

MEMPHIS, January 13.—Cotton dull; middlings 20; receipts 4,984; shipments 5,396; stock 28,166.

NORFOLK, January 13.—Cotton quiet; low middlings 18¼a18½; net receipts 2,318 bales exports coastwise 112; sales 120; stock 13,621.

BOSTON, January 13.—Cotton quiet. Middlings 20 7-8. Net receipts, 227; gross, 232. Sales, 300 bales. Stock, 5,500.

SAVANNAH, January 13.—Cotton dull Middlings, 19 1-2; net receipts, 5,600; exports coastwise, 3,224. Sales, 745; stock, 78,966.

LOUISVILLE, January 13.—Flour in good demand and firm; extra family $6 75. Corn firm at 42a42½. Pork $12 50a12 75 for round lots. Bacon shoulders 5½; sides 11¼a 11¾, packed. Lard steady at 7¾a8¾; prime steam 8¾. Whisky firm at 90.

CINCINNATI, January 13.—Flour in fair demand and firm. Corn unchanged. Provisions dull and easier. Pork nominally $12 75a13. Lard easier; steam 7¾a7¾; kettle 7¾. Bacon steady; shoulders 5; clear rib 7¾ clear sides 7¾. Whisky firm at 90a90.

GALVESTON, January 12.—Cotton weak; good ordinary 17a17 1-4; net receipts 1,695 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,227; to continent 1,907; coastwise 113 sales 1,500; stock 74,477.

BALTIMORE, January 13.—Cotton steady; middlings 20¾; net receipts 140 bales; gross 630; exports to continent 282; coastwise 206; sales 235; stock 10,923.

NEW ORLEANS, January 13.—Cotton active and firm; good ordinary 18; low middlings. 18¼a18 3-4; middlings 19¼a19 3-4; net receipts 11,202 bales; gross 12,343; exports to Great Britain 6,826; continent 3,316; coastwise 2,223; sales 350; last evening 6,700.

Flour firmer; treble extra $7 50a8; family $10a10 75. Corn firm; yellow and white 64a 65. Oats—supply light with demand moderate at 42a50. Bran scarce at $1 25. Hay firm—prime $30a32; choice $40. Pork dull—new mess $13 75. Dry salt meats scarce and only retailing. Bacon firm at 8¼a8¾a10¾. Hams 10a12½. Lard quiet; tierce 8a8½; keg 9¼a9¾. Sugar in fair demand, inferior 8¼a8½; common 8¾a7½; fair to fully fair 7¾a8¼; prime 8a8½. Molasses in active demand, fair to choice 58a60. Whisky active; Louisiana 90, no western. Coffee firm at 16¼a19¼.

Sterling exchange 21½; sight ½ discount. Gold 12¾.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

ATLAN

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION

ATLANTA:

TUESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1873.

GEORGIA STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, } SECRETARY'S OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., November 26, 1872.

I certify that the subjoined is that part of the report of the Judges at the late Fair, relating to the premiums awarded the Singer Sewing Machine:

No. 806, Best Family Machine: Premium awarded to Singer Sewing Machine.

No. 807, Best Manufacturing Machine: Premium awarded to Singer Sewing Machine.

M. JOHNSTON, Ass't Sec'ty.

The above is the report of six out of nine of the Committee on Sewing Machines.

Mrs. Agnes Turner, Mrs. C. Black.
Mrs. A. H. Ladd, Mrs. S. Cash,
Mrs. Sanford, Mrs. E. H. Moore.
R. T. EMILLE, Agent.

FAIR GROUNDS GEORGIA AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION, November 19, 1872.—Colonel H. D Capers, Superintendent Fine Arts Department: * * * The Domestic, as a family machine, is *the best*.

[Signed] J. C. PECK,
W. H. COWLES,
EDWARD PARSONS.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE CONSTITUTION.—Members of the House can hand in their subscriptions to the reporter of THE CONSTITUTION, W. G. Whitby, at his desk on the right of the Journalizing Clerk. THE CONSTITUTION will be sent anywhere for any time desired.

City Intelligence.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—James Ormond is agent for the Cumberland Super-phosphate.

See report of the condition of the Atlanta National Bank.

The Germania Loan and Building Association meet to-night.

The Directors of the Georgia Western Railroad meet on Thursday night.

See notice of a lace cape lost.

Contractors and masons will notice the advertisement for proposals by Alderman Young, chairman of the street committee.

See advertisement of Alderman McMillan, chairman of committee on wells, pumps and cisterns, for proposals for keeping in repair all the city pumps.

See exemption notice of Mrs. M. A. Johnson.

Kerosene and headlight oil at John T. Fagan's.

AND now we are promised a thaw.

THE board of directors of the Georgia Western Railroad will meet at the office of the company, on Thursday afternoon, the 16th instant.

SEE notice of a lace cape lost.

THE Germania loan and building association will meet at Concordia Hall to-night.

THE report of the condition of the Atlanta National Bank is a fine exhibit of its financial strength and the excellent management of its officers.

GREAT EASTERN CIRCUS.—We learn that Messrs. A. and J. Haight, now in New York, have purchased a large elephant, a lama zebra and other animals for the circus now in quarters at the Selma fair grounds.

HUMANE.—The ground is damp and cold; therefore this reporter would respectfully suggest to the generous-hearted proprietor of the Kimball House that he have placed in position some warm bricks for the colored loafers to stand on who congregate on the pavement on the southern side of the hotel.

RUNAWAY.—A horse attached to a little wagon on Forsyth st., contrary to all the proprieties of a good horse, and not having a proper regard for the law makers of the State, ran away yesterday, turned down Marietta street, across by DeGive's, ran into some bags of dried fruit, and wound up by breaking off one wheel from the wagon.

AT the annual meeting of the Atlanta Ice Manufacturing Company, Mr. J. M. Willis was elected president to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Hon. Daniel Pittman. The officers are taking vigorous measures to provide a large stock of ice for the coming summer by enlarging their works and improving their ice houses. A great increase in the demand is expected.

HON. G. T. BARNES, of Richmond, is in the city. It is whispered that he is to be sent to Congress from the Eighth District. The people of that district were ever partial to well-filled Barn(e)s, and should they see a package be sent there he would "illustrate Georgia" with ability and fidelity.

"THE PEOPLE'S FRIEND" is the name of a handsome, well-filled sheet, published at Rome by A. B. S. Moody and edited by A. B. S. Moseley, Mrs. Margie P. Moseley and Rev. L. R. Gwaltney. It is the organ of the Good Templars of this State. Terms, $2 per year. May the people be its friend.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—CHIEF MARSHAL'S OFFICE, JANUARY 13 1873.—TO ALL CONCERNED.—Take notice that I shall be bound, on and after Thursday, 16th instant, to take possession of all property that was sold for city tax, and bought by the city, on last sale day. I mean business. Come to my office and settle. Office hours daily, at City Hall, from 8 A. M. until 1 P. M. JOHN THOMAS, Chief Marshal.

Fulton Superior Court.

This body met yesterday morning at its usual hour. The case of F. T. Powell et al, vs the Mayor and Council of the city of Atlanta was taken up and tried. This was an action brought by the plaintiffs to make the city liable in damages for the falling of the walls around their residences, by reason of a defective culvert. The jury brought in their verdict for the defendant.

Pending the trial of the case of Thomas N. Padon vs. Willis and F. Harris, trustee, etc., court adjourned over till this morning.

There was nothing transacted, of any public interest, in the other courts during the day.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.—Many members of the Legislature spent the Sabbath at home, or in neighboring towns. Doubtless a majority of those who remained in the city, attended church, and heard good sermons. All of them were refreshed, and on yesterday looked as if they meant "business." This reporter is pleased with the general appearance and bearing of the members of both Houses. He is convinced that there will be no lax or excessive legislation on their part, but that they will create laws for a beneficent purpose. The old English law commentator, Blackstone, describes law as a rule of action commanding what is right and prohibiting what is wrong. This is an explicit statement of the exact purpose for which all laws were originally intended. This reporter is satisfied from the intelligence of the members, that, taking Blackstone's concise statement as a guide, all laws enacted by them will be made practical by their simplicity, strength, and effectiveness, and that with all their provisions, they will be devoid of subtilty.

ATLANTA COTTON FACTORY.—What has become of our factory? Once it was enthusiastically talked about on the streets, and the newspapers proclaimed that we were to have a factory. What's the matter? Do our city readers remember hearing of the three little country boys going home from the old field school, and of their being caught in a thunder storm, and how they were under a big chestnut tree, how the thunder seemed to shake the earth, and vivid lightning played about, when Billy, the eldest, cried out, "John, can you pray?" "No," said John Pretty soon a tremendous clap of thunder rattled over the old chestnut, followed by a sharp flash of lightning, when Billy again asked, "Tommy, can you pray?" "No," said Tommy. "Well, something must be done, and that quickly," said Bill. Why not apply it, city readers? This reporter will say nothing now of the lightning and thunder, but "something must be done, and that quickly."

A few months ago, land was surveyed outside of the city limits, and was divided into lots, which were readily sold at good prices. Are many of these lots in market now, and what do they bring? Lost season money was brought here from neighboring towns, and from the country, and invested in real estate; who is investing here now? Are business houses commanding the prices now that they did twelve months ago? Can you fit up an old freight car near the barracks or fair ground, or below the Air Line depot, and rent it at $3 or $10 a room per month? Walking over the city, do you find many lots or residences or business houses, with cards on them "For Sale," or "To Rent?" The truth is, something must be done. This is not an instruction that Atlanta is being check ed up—becoming dull, or will not continue to improve. No! But we desire to see more vitality in the city; wish to see a greater demand for real estate—stronger inducements held out to have people come here and remain. This will bring others here to supply their necessities. In this way the city will fill out, enlarge its area, increase its wealth; and the social elements will develop themselves.

There is no estimating the value a cotton factory would be to our city. One thing should be remembered, every industry started in Atlanta during the past few years, where properly managed, has made money for the proprietor, given employment to various persons, added to the treasury of the city, and have been beneficial in other respects. This reporter gratefully desires to see the establishment of manufactures in our city. If we had them, other subsequent avenues would be opened up, and what is now an untried experiment, would prove a rich field for the employment of capital.

OIL for the million at John T. Hagan's.

R. C. BRAWNER has been re-elected Ordinary of Campbell county. The people fathomed his administration by a large majority at the polls.

EMORY COLLEGE will open its Spring Session to-morrow. Board can be obtained in Oxford at $7 5 per month, exclusive of lights and washing.

CITY PUMPS.—Alderman McMillan, chairman of the committee on wells, pumps and cisterns, advertises for proposals for keeping the dumps in repair the present year.

IN the Legislative proceedings, Sunday morning, the types, incorrectly, made General McLaws withdraw in favor of Colonel Thwentt, whereas he withdrew in favor of Major Allen.

THOMPSON received a supply of Lynnhaven Bay shell oysters yesterday. There was quite a run upon his restaurant in consequence. Thompson is unexcelled as a caterer for the palate.

STILL AT IT.—It is a gratification to state that the good work of scraping up the mud from the streets and hauling it off is still going on. Now is the time, too, as the ground dries off, to make and renovate the sidewalks.

THE Speaker of the House selected his standing committees with wisdom and care. The selection of John Peabody, of Muscogee, as chairman of the committee on education, was fitting and appropriate.

HON. C. J. WELLBORN was, yesterday, selected as assistant secretary of the Senate. He has often been called upon to "fill high places" of trust, and ever discharged the duties imposed upon him with signal fidelity and marked ability.

CROSSINGS.—Contractors and masons will please note the advertisement of Alderman Young, chairman of the street committee, for proposals for furnishing stone for crossings, and granite for curbing, for the year 1873.

CONCORD.—The cassimeres and jeans made at the Concord woolen mills can be found at John Ryan's. Members of the General Assembly will find these goods to be excellent and worthy of being worn by Georgians.

SALE OF OIL PAINTINGS.—The sale of oil paintings last night was attended by the beauty and fashion of the city. The bidding was spirited. During this afternoon, Mayson will sell the paintings at private sale. To-night is positively the last chance to buy them. Don't neglect the opportunity.

WE learn that the Histrionic club of Atlanta are making extensive preparations for a theatrical exhibition and ball. These will probably take place about two weeks hence. The club itself is composed of some of our most gifted young ladies and gentlemen, and their contemplated exhibition will be, as it should, a success.

AMONG the young ladies who were omitted from the report of the masquerade was Miss C. B. Henderson, a most charming young lady of Covington, who appeared as "Rebecca the Jewess," one of the finest of Walter Scott's creations. Miss H. personated the character charmingly, but most so after her mask had been removed.—*Macon Telegraph and Messenger.*

HON. JOHN T. SHEKMAKE has been elected permanent president of the Richmond county board of education. He will *make* a most excellent officer and *show* the people's good work. Martin V. Calvin, "Mignonne" of THE CONSTITUTION, was elected permanent secretary. Professor Calvin has done a great deal in and for the cause of public education, and the selection is a fortunate one.

CUMBERLAND SUPERPHOSHHATE.—We direct special attention to the advertisement of this highly concentrated fertiliser. James Ormond, Esq., has accepted the agency for its sale at this point. It is a rich compound of soluble phosphoric acid, pulverized raw bones, ammonia and alkaline salts. The only dryer used in its manufacture is pure fine ground bone. Farmers and planters would do well to call on Mr. Ormond at once.

GEORGIA RAILROAD.—The schedule of this old reliable line will be found in our columns to-day, under the head of new advertisements. We have traveled over the Georgia Road a great many times in years past, though but little recently. We learn, however, that the accommodations are even superior to what they were in days of yore, and that the conductors are courteous and obliging to passengers. Persons who travel often appreciate the latter blessing, especially. We always admired the systematic way of doing things on this road. An accident of any seriousness is an occurrence exceedingly rare.—*Rome Commercial.*

STATION HOUSE REPORT.—There were nine city arrests yesterday, six white and three colored. Charges—drunkenness, disorderly conduct and public indecency.

Among the congenial spirits who were last night provided with lodgings at the expense of the city was the Hon. Charles Obadiah Johnson, a Republican, and a member of the House of Representatives in 1870 from Spalding county. This gentleman was arrested by Officer Bill Jones, and was about as drunk as a reasonable man could expect to get.

DIED, on the 6th of January, about half past 6 o'clock P. M., after a brief illness, a Canary bird. It departed this life at the tender age of two years and six months. It leaves an empty cage, and a disconsolate, but interesting young mistress. The prettiest of black rings encircled its little neck, and its voice was attuned to the most perfect harmony. Hands, as lovely as they were tender, performed the last, kind offices for the little pet, and it is sleeping and waiting the resurrection of all good Canary birds, under a rosebush in the front yard. We offer to the bereaved mistress our deepest sympathies, and hope that, like her little bird, she too has passed through the last and the hardest of her earthly trials.

WOOD—
"Old wood to burn!
Ay, bring the hill-side beech
From where the owlets meet and screech,
And ravens croak;
The crackling pine and cedar sweet;
Bring, too, a clump of fragrant peat,
Dug 'neath the fern:
The knotted oak,
A faggot too, perhaps,
Whose bright flame dancing, winking,
Shall light us to our drinking.
While the oozing sap
Shall make sweet music to our thinking."

There is a scarcity of coal in our market, and for several days past quite a number of wagons from the country have been in, bringing fire-wood. We have seen no "clumps of peat," but the rich pine knot and "knotted oak" make it all right.

"GO WEST, YOUNG MAN."—Unless you think it very decidedly the best, we may do not go. We regret exceedingly, almost every day, to see numbers of men, women and children—white and black passing through the city, going West. The old homestead, the old church, the shaded spring, the graves of relatives, life-long friends, the old State, are all given up to the West. It is a right to be regretted. Georgia needs more working people than she has, people to build up her towns and villages, to cultivate and improve her soil, to enrich and make prosperous her waste places. Yet, day after day, young men, yes, entire families, are leaving the State. Many who have tried the West have either returned to their old homes, or written back disheartened. In the West much labor and hardship must be endured to make a living. Don't go, but remain where you are. The climate is good, and, if only a tolerable fight is made, the soil is capable of yielding all that man can reasonably wish.

Election of Chief Engineer and Assistants.

Last night our firemen assembled to hold their annual election for Chief Engineer and assistants, and we doubt if a much finer looking body of men ever graced Judge Cowart's court room at the City Hall.

Mr. J. H. Mcmillin was called to the chair and presided, during a warmly contested election, with unfailing dignity. Prof. H. F. Moore officiated as secretary.

The election of Chief Engineer was entered into with the following named gentlemen as candidates:

W. R. Biggers, J. Emmel, and James M. Toy. The first ballot resulted as follows:

Biggers 71; Emmel 51; Toy 35.

R. J. Lowry, Esq., though not a candidate, received on this ballot some 30 odd complimentary votes from his company.

As a majority of all the votes cast is necessary to a choice, there was no election upon the first ballot.

The second ballot resulted as follows:

Biggers 83, Emmel 55, Toy 32.

Still no election.

THIRD BALLOT.

Biggers 82, Emmel 52, Toy 32.

Consequently our friend, W. R. Biggers, was re-elected chief by a majority of one vote.

Upon motion, the chairman appointed Messrs. Lowry, Emmel and Toy a committee of three to escort the newly elected chief to the chair, which was done amidst great applause. The chief, in a few appropriate remarks, returned his thanks for the honor conferred, and pledged himself to a faithful performance of his duties.

A. Bass, of No. 3, was elected 1st assistant and C. W. Holland, of No. 3, 2d assistant engineer.

The Comptroller General's Election—Errors Corrected.

Editors Constitution: In your issue of yesterday, in your report of the legislative proceedings of Saturday, I find the following:

"Nominations for Comptroller General were next in order.

W. L. Goldsmith, of DeKalb, Thompson Allen of Pulaski, S. R. Cleghorn of Muscogee, W. J. Magill of Fulton, and Peterson Tweatt of Fulton, were nominated.

General McLaws was nominated, and withdrew in favor of Tweatt, and J. W. Renfroe, who withdrew in favor of Goldsmith.

The first stood: Goldsmith 73, Allen 50, Tweatt 49 Cleghorn 27, Magill 5.

Cleghorn withdrew in favor of Tweatt.

The second ballot stood: Goldsmith 117, Allen 51, Tweatt 41.

The principal error in the above is, that General McLaws withdrew in my favor. General McLaws withdrew in favor of Mr. Allen.

So far from my having any combination on the first ballot, all know that I was bitterly opposed to any such thing for the Comptroller's office, deemed it wrong and detrimental to the public good, and I refused, on several occasions, to combine with any one, (especially with my friend Colonel Goldsmith, who, I informed my friends all the time, I considered my strongest opponent) notwithstanding all know that General McLaws and Mr. Allen had combined, and I again refused after Messrs. Goldsmith, Renfroe, and Pruett had combined. From the assurances I and my friends had received of the support of members of the Legislature, and the confidence reposed in said information and the members of the Legislature promising me their support, I believed that I could easily defeat these combinations. Hence I went into the race on Saturday "single handed," and with no promise or intimation that I would appoint any assistant or clerk that could bring me even one solitary vote.

If elected, I preferred to follow the law alone, and have my own regular clerk or assistant entirely under my own control, so as to be better able to command his services at any and all times, and under any circumstances, upon any kind of work which I believed important or useful or calculated to benefit the State whether said work was specifically or positively required by law or not. A "combination" in effect sets aside the law—it makes the clerk or assistant an equal. If a Comptroller General in advance bargains with his clerk or assistant, that if he and his friends will work for and assist in electing him, said clerk shall have a position, and, in connection with himself, shall attend to the prescribed duties of the office; if the Comptroller be at all a fair and honorable man, I do not see how he can afterwards discharge said clerk or assistant for dissipation, incompetency or for a mere difference of opinion as to what are the prescribed duties of the office, or of each one of the parties, or as to how long or how many hours said clerk or assistant shall work each day, etc., and if any particular work be required by the Comptroller, of said clerk or assistant, and it is not required by law, under a combination as above stated the Comptroller has no right whatever to command the services of his clerk or assistant in the matter.

Conceiving, therefore, that a "combination" for the important and responsible office of Comptroller General was not only calculated to lower the character and dignity of the office, but might impair the usefulness of the Comptroller, and fearing that, if I entered into one and succeeded, by losing the full controlof my one clerk or assistant, I might not be able to do full justice to the State, and might not be able to maintain my previous reputation, (which, in the event of my election, I had hoped, with the one clerk, to increase it,) as comp roller. I tried last Saturday, "single-handed," to succeed and to defeat those combinations; and it is now seen that I paid dearly, this time, for this earnest vindication, on my part, of what I *believed* to be *right* and for the best good of Georgia.

After the first ballot, however, as both of the combinations were ahead of me, several of Mr. Cleghorn's and my friends came to me and urged me to make some arrangement with Mr. Cleghorn and let him withdraw in my favor. In consequence of my hostility to these combinations, I hesitated too long in "fighting the devil with fire," and when Mr. Cleghorn's withdrawal was announced by the President of the Senate, he did not state that Mr. Cleghorn had withdrawn in my favor, and the result was I got but four or five of Mr. Cleghorn's votes, and they were from gentlemen who, weeks ago, assured me they would go for me against any one when they saw that he stood no chance. Some of my friends, on the second and last ballot, supposing that I could not succeed alone against these combinations, and they having a choice between them, changed their votes and left me, and voted for one or the other of them, which reduced my vote to 41 after it had reached 59.

While making this correction, I cannot close without tendering my most sincere and heartfelt thanks to the forty-eight members who voted for me on the first ballot, and some few others who would have done the same had I insisted, etc. They may rest assured that I shall ever feel most grateful to them for their high appreciation of me, and kindness on this occasion. To the large majority who voted against me from first to last, I also take this opportunity to thank them for their kindness all along in assuring me and my friends that I "made the best Comptroller General Georgia ever had," and that "the State needed just such a man at this time;" that "in the Comptroller's office he is the right man in the right place," and using many other similar and most pleasing and encouraging expressions. [illegible] whatever did I hear even a whisper against my opponent, personal or political integrity.) And while saying this much, I regret exceedingly, as all will admit, that I cannot go further and truthfully say that I shall always appreciate this class with the same warmth and earnestness that I shall ever appreciate the first class. I will only remark further, that their conduct reminds me, slightly, that "good works" do not in all cases follow "faith."

Very respectfully, PETERSON TWEATT.

Atlanta, January 13, 1873.

Local and Business Notices.

CARPETS! CARPETS!—Beautiful bed room and dining room carpets at 75 cts and $1 00 per yard, in 2 ply and wool dutch, at

KENDRICK & SON'S
Carpet Establishment
jan12—tf Marietta Street.

BRUSSELS AND VELVET for Parlors, Great reduction in fine carpets, for new spring stock. English Velvet, Body Brussels, Tapestry Brussels, 3 ply, extra Ingrain, all-wool, 2 ply, stair and hall carpets, Oil Cloth, Matting, &c,

KENDRICK & SON'S
Carpet House.
jan12—tf

WINDOW Shades, Wall Paper, Lambrequines, Lace, &c.

KENDRICK & SONS.
jan12—tf

POPULAR PRICES! POPULAR PRICES!!—John Keely has been selling lots of black and colored Alpacas, and fancy dress goods off his "Bargain Counter" since the REDUCTION in prices which will be continued until all winter goods are disposed of. Call and purchase bargains at

JOHN KEELY'S.
jan12—2t.

SPECIAL TO THE MEMBERS.—New carpets from 40 cts to $1 50 per yard. Every style and quality just received at

KENDRICK'S
Carpet Store.
jan12—tf

CROWDS of people have visited John Keely's store daily, and have purchased goods liberally, as the great reduction which has been made in the prices of Black Alpacas, fancy dress goods, Flannels, Blankets, Jeans, Cassimers, etc., renders it almost impossible for any one to go away without purchasing something. Call and examine at

JOHN KEELY'S.
jan12—2t

TIME, patience, health and strength, are saved by those who are the happy owners of the "Faithful" "Domestic." Office for its sale No. 4 DeGives Opera House.

jan12—d1w

ONCE MORE TO THE FRONT.—*New Goods, New Prices.*—I am just in receipt direct from New York a large line of new Diagonals and straight lines for coats and vests, also new styles in pants and Cassimers. I invite all wishing a fashionable and well made suit, at prices defying competition to call on me, a large line of black clothes and doeskins for dress suits always on hand. In white silk vestings I have the finest in the city, and they will be sold cheap.

J. H. DYKEMAN,
Merchant Tailor,
Under Kimball House.
jan8—3t.

A SNARLING dog, a troublesome cat, a crying child and a clattering sewing machine are enough to drive a body wild. But the "Domestic" sewing machine runs so silently that it quiets everything else in the household and produces happiness and tranquility. No 4 DeGives Opera House.

jan13—d1w

[illegible] to the injury of [illegible] on the beginning she has stood [illegible] hands on my lips, saying 'hush.' So [illegible] cost, only $7.

FRESH MEATS.—Dressed beef by the side, per pound, 6c@; round 10c15. Mutton, whole,

OIL! OIL!!—Just received, two car loads (100 barrels) best quality of Kerosene Oil.

jan14—d3t J. T. HAGAN.

100 BARRELS of Kerosene Oil just received, and offered to the trade, cheap.

jan14—d3t J. H. HAGAN.

HEADLIGHT OIL.—Warranted to be 175 degrees fire test—in bulk. For sale by

jan14—d3t J. T. HAGAN.

The
Great
Clothing House
of
EISEMAN & BRO.,
is at
56
Whitehall st.,
The Largest Establishment,
The Largest Stock,
The most Extensive Variety,
The very Lowest Prices.

dec23—dtf

"Stitch! stitch! stitch!
In poverty, hunger and dirt,
Sewing at once with a double thread,
A shroud as well as a shirt."

How much better to buy a "Domestic" Sewing Machine, and be lifted above such drudgery. Office No. 4 DeGive's Opera House.

dec22-d1m

DIOGENES, with his lantern, searched the streets of Athens at mid-day for a "man." But if you would find a "king" among Sewing Machines call at the office of the "Domestic," No. 4 DeGive's Opera House.

dec22-d1m.

For Sale.

1 NEW 7-ROOM HOUSE, very conveniently arranged. Terms very easy—one-fourth cash; balance in one, two and three years.

Also, FOR SALE,

BRICK! BRICK!!

1,000,000 GOOD BRICK of my own manufacture.

For particulars call on the undersigned, corner of West Cain and Williams streets, or address me to P. O. Box 493, Atlanta. T. G. BISWALD.

dec24-dtf

To the Merchants of Atlanta

THE ATLANTIC AND GULF

FREIGHT LINE,

VIA SAVANNAH,

BEG leave to announce to their friends and patrons that their rates and classifications shall always be as low as by competing Lines, and any "Special Circulars" or "Letters" issued by other routes, giving lower rates than at present advertised, will be promptly met by corresponding reductions on the Atlantic and Gulf Freight Line.

Merchants visiting New York will consult their interest by calling on C. D. OWENS, the General Agent of the Line, 329 Broadway, before making Freight engagements elsewhere.

Ja1y81—d6odtf

"THE FARMERS' CHOICE" FERTILIZER.

Containing the elements of plant food in the most natural proportions.

It is perfectly deodorized, quick in action, permanent in effect and unsurpassed in mechanical condition.

MANUFACTURED BY

C. H. Stockell & Co., Nashville, Tenn

FOR SALE BY

ANDERSON & WELLS

No. 20 Alabama Street,

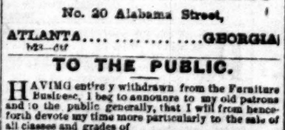
ATLANTA..... .....GEORGIA

My2—dtf

TO THE PUBLIC.

HAVING entire y withdrawn from the Furniture Business, I beg to announce to my old patrons and to the public generally, that I will from henceforth devote my time more particularly to the sale of all classes and grades of

COFFINS & METALLIC BURIAL CASES,



and to the business of

FUNERAL UNDERTAKER.

I have, also, connected with my Coffin Storerooms, a

A FURNITURE REPAIR SHOP,

in which all kinds of Furniture will be promptly repaired in the very best style.

Very respectfully,
CHAS. BOHNEFELD,
Corner Marietta and Forsyth streets, under DeGive's Opera House jan5—d6m

THE YANCY HOTEL,

BY MISS E. C. YANCY, LATE OF VIRGINIA,

WOULD respectfully inform her numerous patrons of the Dougherty House, that she has recently purchased the Brick Hotel in Newnan, Georgia, (better known as the McDowell House,) where she would be pleased to see her old friends and the traveling public. She pledges herself that nothing will be left undone to make guests comfortable.

jan5-dtf Prof. WM. WELLS, Clerk.

FOR SALE.

THE ELLIOTT PLACE CALLED "SUMMER LAND," located on the Etowa river, seven miles from Cartersville, Bartow county, and one and a half miles from the Cartersville and Van Wert Railroad. Contains fifty acres of best bottom land, more than half cleared. The house is of brick, built in the best manner, two and a half stories, with No. 1 tin roof; contains sixteen rooms, plastered throughout, with marble mantles down stairs, and three piazzas. There is also on the place a fine brick smoke-house and two-story outbuildings of wood, fine orchard and flower-garden. Terms easy. Address

DR. W. H. ELLIOTT,
nov28-1am1f Savannah, Ga.

NEW HOTEL

PALMETTO, - - GEORGIA.

W. Jackson House

Is now open to the Traveling Public.

jan18-dtf W. JACKSON, Proprietor.

HEARD HOUSE,

LaGrange.....Georgia

BY GEORGE C. HEARD.

THIS House has been recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The tables always supplied with the best the market affords. Porters will be found on the Depot on every arrival of the Trains to take charge of baggage. feb26-dtf

"A GOOD HOTEL."

The unanimous exclamation of all who stop at

Planters' Hotel,

GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.

W. D OLDS.....Proprietor.

jan19—dtf

Sims House,

LA GRANGE, GEORGIA,

THOMAS W. McGEE.....Proprietor.

THIS House is undergoing the most thorough repairs and will be fitted out in the next few days with new Furniture. The traveling public will find the very best the market affords. Charges moderate.

jan19-dtf

POSTPONED.

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Honorable, the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff, John Van Ness, in the following case, to-wit:

John Van Ness versus Benjamin Hamilton.

I have levied upon, as the property of Benjamin Hamilton, the defendant in fi fa, to me in the hands of the Lawrenceville and Brown's Bridge road, near the town of Gainesville Hall county, and State of Georgia, being part of original land lot No. 198, in the 9th district of said county and State, and being the place whereon Dr. H. F Stephenson now resides.

Also, land lot No. 134 in said district, county and State.

Also, 171 acres, original land lot No. 197, adjoining lots of Henry Clark, David Tanner, H. H. Johnson and others.

Also, lot of land No. 12, in 5th district, said county and State, containing 202 acres, more or less, together with all the improvements upon the above described property, and will sell the same at public sanction at the Court House door in the City of Atlanta, county of Fulton, and State of Georgia, on the

First Tuesday in February

next, between the lawful hours of sale.

Levied at Atlanta, Georgia, this 13th day of January, 1873.

WILLIAM H. SMITH,
jan14—d30d U. S. Marshal.

Anderson & Wells.

IN STORE.

13 Two-Horse Spring Wagon.

7 Two-Horse Indianapolis Wagons.

4 Two-Horse Hudson Wagons.

2 Bbls White Onion Sets.

2 Bbls Red Onion Sets.

3 Bbls Yellow Onion Sets.

3 Bls Red Onion Buttons.

50 Indianapolis Wood Pumps for shallow and Deep Wells.

50 Watt, 1 and 2 Horse Plows.

100 Other Make Plows.

Clover Seed.

BLUE GRASS SEED.

Orchard Grass Seed.

Rust Proof Oats.

RYE.

Seed Wheat.

Feed Cutters,

Corn Shellers, etc., etc.

In store and to arrive, for sale low. Call and examine our Stock.

AGENTS FOR

Pendleton Guano.

Farmers' Choice Guano.

Simpson & Lamplin's Texas Cotton Press.

H. & P. Blandy's Engines and Saw Mills.

Ball's Ohio Reapers and Mowers.

Thrashers—Pitts' Thrashers.

To arrive next week, Twenty-Four One and Two-Horse Wagons — Studebaker Wagons.

ANDERSON & WELLS.
Alabama street, near Car Shed.

dec4-dtf

THE "GENUINE" "COAL CREEK COAL!"

J. M. SORR, Jr. & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers.

KEEP constantly on hand at their Coal Yards, No. 1 on Marietta street, second door above the Capital and Post Office, and No. 2 on the

Corner Alabama and Loyd Sts.,

Opposite O. R. Jones, Esq., and Georgia Railroad Depot, the best "Coal Creek Lump" and Anthracite Coal. The new office and yard on the last named streets, we have found necessary to open within the last few days for the accommodation of our friends of the public in the western and southern part of the city, where they may at all times find our pleasant and accommodating little "JOE CORRIGAN" to wait upon them.

Call at either office, and we will sell you

GOOD COAL

AT FAIR PRICES, for grates or manufactories.

jan5—d8m

SOUTH CAROLINA R. R.

CHARLESTON, December 14, 1872.

ON and after Sunday, 15th instant, the following Schedule will be run on the South Carolina Railroad:

Between Charleston and Augusta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Charleston	9:30 A M
Arrives at Augusta	5:30 P M
Leaves Augusta	5:00 A M
Arrives at Charleston	4:45 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leave Charleston	9:30 P M
Arrives at Augusta	7:05 A M
Leaves Augusta	6:15 P M
Arrives at Charleston	5:50 A M

Between Charleston and Columbia

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	9:00 A M
Arrives at Columbia	3:40 P M
Leaves Columbia	9:00 A M
Arrives at Augusta	3:30 P M

NIGHT EXPRESS TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta	6:15 P M
Arrives at Columbia	6:30 A M
Leaves Columbia	7:30 P M
Arrives at Augusta	7:25 A M

Day and night trains connect at Augusta with the Georgia Railroad and Central Railroad.

Night train connects with Macon and Augusta Railroad.

Night train out of Augusta makes close connection at Columbia with Greenville and Columbia Railroad. Passengers for points on the Greenville and Columbia Railroad will avoid a tedious delay at night in Columbia, by taking this route.

Elegant new sleeping cars on night trains between Augusta and Charleston.

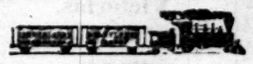
S. B. PICKENS, General Ticket Agent.

jan8-w

The Great Southern

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!



VIA

ATLANTA and AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE

Daily Through Passenger Train.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The Quickest Time and Sure Connection made by the Route.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta AS ANY OTHER ROUTE

PULLMAN'S PALACE SLEEPING CARS

ON

ALL NIGHT TRAINS LEAVING ATLANTA BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships,

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are unrivaled.

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on Sale at

MONTGOMERY, WEST POINT AND ATLANTA

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.

J. A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.

jan24—dtf

JOHN D. POPE, (late of Atlanta, Georgia,) Attorney at Law, Sherman, Texas, will practice in the State and Federal Courts of Northern Texas.

Persons owning, or desiring to purchase, lands in Texas, are respectfully informed that I have in my office a prompt and reliable Real Estate Agent.

jan11—d4wdm

Madison House.

MADISON, GEORGIA.

TRAVELERS, invalids and families will find this one of the best hotels in the South. Porters at all the trains who will take care of baggage. Terms reasonable.

apr19—dtf FISH & MORGAN, Proprietors.

CETTYSBURG KATALYSINE WATER.

IT has been demonstrated by a series of practical experiments conducted by eminent physicians, and attested by thousands of grateful people who have been relieved from their sufferings by its use, that the Gettysburg Katalysine Water is the nearest approach to a remedy discovered for Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidneys and Urinary Diseases generally. It restores muscular power to the Paralytic. It cures Liver Complaint, Chronic Diarrhœa, Piles, Constipation, Asthma, Catarrh and Bronchitis, Diseases of the Skin, General Debility and nervous Prostration from Mental and Physical excesses. It is the greatest Antidote ever discovered for Excessive Eating and Drinking. It corrects the Stomach, promotes Digestion, and Relieves the Head almost immediately. No household should be without it. Every hotel should keep it on hand. For sale by all Druggists.

☞ For a history of the Springs, for medical reports of the power of the water over diseases, for marvelous cures, and for testimonials from distinguished men, send for pamphlets.

WHITNEY BRO'S, Gen'l Ag'ts,
227 South Front st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Gettysburg Spring Co.

For sale by HEARD, CRAIG & CO., and Druggists generally. jan7-dcod3m

ARCHITECTURE.

Parkins & Allen, Architects.

WILL make Plans, Specifications, and Detail Drawings for Buildings of all descriptions. Office in Republic Block, opposite the Kimball House.

jan4 d1y

Sealed Proposals

WILL be received until FRIDAY, 31 noon, for FEEDING PRISONERS at the Station House, at so much per meal, consisting of Bread and Meat.

E. A. McLENDON,
Jan7-d1d Chairman Police Committee.

THE HOLY BIBLE.

THE PEOPLE'S STANDARD EDITION.

Containing the Old and New Testaments, and the Apocryphal Writings. Text conformable with the standard of the American Bible Society. With over

Five Hundred Illustrations

and Descriptions.

Together with a complete Concordance, the Psalms in Metre, nearly one hundred thousand Marginal Readings and References, and a Historical and Chronological Index to the entire Work. To which are added a comprehensive treatise upon the Literature, History and Purport of the Bible, explanatory Notes, and a concise History of all the Denominations and Sects in every age of the world.

THE AGENT, MR. JOHN W. PODGE, IS IN THIS CITY, and can be addressed through the Postoffice.

Fruit Trees.

SEND for our new CATALOGUE of TREES and FRUIT TREES, to

jan1-d3w W. W. CLARKE, Covington.

THE MAJORS HOUSE,

BY R. MAJORS, Georgia.

THIS well known and popular house has been thoroughly refitted and refurnished throughout, and the table is supplied with the best the market affords. Guests will find every attention paid to their comfort. Terms, $2 per day. Special rates by the week or month.

jan19—dtf R. T. JEMISON, Proprietor.

E. van GOIDTSNOVEN,

Horticultural Agent,

OFFERS FOR SALE AT HIS

NURSERY AND GREEN HOUSES,

Corner Whitehall and Garnett Streets,

(a few steps below the new Methodist Church,) a large and choice variety of

FRUIT & ORNAMENTAL TREES,

Shrubs, Evergreens, Grape Vines, Gooseberry, Strawberry, and Raspberry Plants, Shade Trees, &c.,

Also, the most superb stock of Camellias and Ever-Blooming Roses in this country, True Perpetual or Monthly Carnations, New Styles Gladiolus, Tuberoses, Amaryllis, Verbenas, Pansies, Geraniums, Pomponias, Bedding Plants, Salvias, &c., &c. Also, a splendid collection of Bulbous Roots of our own Importation

OH, GIRLS!

Ages upon ages ago, a long time ago, in the streets of old Athens, as maybe you know; From the cabby and the hack, to the fat ox and the ass,

At noonday, through sunlight, yet envited a lass.
The young men all shouted, as sometimes they will,
Though some there they'd better kept still.
"What can you be after?" Di, what would you find?"
Are you looking for 'matter, or mot'on, or mind?"
The old cynic paused, half his lantern up high,
Flashed forth a sev'ereptuous glance of his eye:
"I am trying to find, but I doubt if I can,
With you as a sample of mankind—a man!"
Then off went the party, back from the Greek hall;
Some went to their duties, and he to his cell.
This movement is finished, with Greece we are
through,
And are brought now to somewhere in seventy-two.
We are standing almost, or his visible guest—
Only one is it which will be believed most;
I mean this same cynic who entered his last
mourn
Long ago, somewhat longer than two thousand
years.
He watched as the gay groups of girls wandered by,
With their flummeries on and their hair done up
high.
With their pannie.rs and ruffles, their sashes and
trifle,
And their three-button gloves that help run up big
bills;
Their cane parasols, and their boots with high heels
Which set at the sight of it how his brain
reels!
Then he shook his head when they stood by his side:
"Oh, girls, girls, girls, whose I reside,
What ill things are finished, what good ones begun,
Would you tell, if you please, what those strange
creatures are?"
"Where?" "There goes one now with that frowzle
of hair."
He answers. Di starts, for he says 'tis a woman,
"Oh, man of this age, you can't mean it is human?"
"Why, you sure ought to see—she is Greek, every
speck,
Grecian bend, Grecian twist, and her curls a la
Grec"
"Not a bit of it," he cries, "you libel my land,
And the womankind too! How can that creature
stand?
And she thinks she is graceful and classic! Ah me!
That I should return that as woman to see!
I sought once for men, and I found only boys,
And now for the women I see gaudy toys.
Is mankind a farce and humanity blind
That a type of the race in no age I can find?"
He finished and vanished.

Oh, girls, lovely girls,
With your crimps and your braids, your rolls and
and your curls,
And the rest that is pretty, I know how it is
That you wear that style first and you then assume
this!
You want to look graceful—I know all that well—
I'm a girl, and a girl's a wish I surely can tell.
But girls, can't we try not to look much astound,
Should a crowd of old cynics rise up from the
ground?
Can't we keep all the grace and the beauty, and yet
Not too far on the side of the false aim to get?
Can't we, (girls, may I preach just a little to you?)
Remember that it's has much good work to do,
Don't abandon the beauty, but never the less
Remember you're put here to please and to bless.
Girls, take up the blessing, for chance you must find
And don't let the dressing take up all your mind.

Summary of State News.

ROME.

Little Cedar Creek, which passes through Cave Spring, spread all over that place during the late freshet.——One hundred and eighteen interments in the Rome cemetery during the past year.——Rome boasts of four first class flouring mills. The Western and Atlantic Railroad have made arrangements with the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad to run their freight trains via Rome until the Resaca bridge is repaired.——The bonded indebtedness of the city of Rome amounts to $366,300; assets, including railroad stock and water works, $327,500.—*Rome Bulletin.*

ATHENS.

The Lucy Cobb Institute begins its spring session with seventy scholars.——Mr. Hart and Miss Garrison have eloped from Athens.—*North East Georgian*

CARROLLTON.

Mr. B. M. Long has sold his residence and farm containing some twelve hundred acres of land, all in and around this place, to Mr. G. W. Camp, for $14,000.——Mr. E. W. Smith, of Carroll County, made the past year, 15 bales of cotton weighing 500 pounds each, 1,050 bushels of corn, 600 bundles of fodder and 55 bushels of table peas, 126 bushels of wheat and 75 bushels of oats, off of a small three mule farm—*Carroll County Times.*

PERRY.

Both county and town property sold at very low prices on last Tuesday.—*Houston Home Journal.*

BLAKELY.

Miller county court house, with its entire contents, was destroyed by fire on Monday night.——Only 54 marriage licenses were issued in Early county last year.—*Early County News.*

TALBOTTON.

In the sheriff's sales, on Tuesday, lands brought from $4 to $8 per acre.——Mr. W. T. Holmes, Jr., of this county, has killed a sixteen months old pig, weighing 500 pounds net.——Mr. Wm. Searcey, of this county, during the past year, raised sixteen bales of cotton, averaging five hundred pounds, on twenty acres of land.—*Talbotton Standard.*

SANDERSVILLE.

Planters still complain of the scarcity of labor.——The handsome residence of W. M. Mores, Esq., of Washington county, was destroyed by fire on January 9th.—*Sandersville Herald.*

AMERICUS.

On Thursday night last, young Mr. Richardson Cleghorn was seriously, if not fatally, stabbed with a knife by Mr. Charles Croghan.—*Americus Republican.*

THOMASTON.

Indian Town, the last of the Creek Indians, was living in Upson county, a few days ago, on an island in Flint river.—*Thomaston Herald.*

QUITMAN.

W. E. Barnes has been elected president of the corner band of Quitman.——Dr. M. C. Wilkinson has been elected mayor of Quitman.—*Quitman Banner.*

TAMPKIN.

Seventy-one acres of land, in the 19th district of Stewart county, sold on Thursday at sheriff sale for $3,250. A little over thirty dollars per acre.—*Lumpkin Telegraph.*

AUGUSTA.

Mr. J. A. Christain has been elected chief of police of Augusta; first lieutenant of police, W. W. King; city sheriff, Henry Levy. Hon. J. T. Shewmake has been elected permanent president of the county board of education of Richmond, and Mr Martin V. Calvin permanent secretary.——The following are the receipts of cotton in Augusta during the past three seasons: for the season ending August 31, 1870, the receipts were 122,779 bales; for the season ending August 31, 1871, the receipts were 138,795 bales; for the season ending August 31, 1872, the receipts were 143,917 bales.——A new paper—Augusta Journal—is to be started in Augusta.—*Constitutionalist.*

Joe Jefferson will play in Augusta on the 24th and 25th.——The meningitis is reported to be on the increase in the city.—*Chronicle and Sentinel.*

SAVANNAH.

Mrs. Oates has concluded a successful engagement in Savannah.——There is some talk of a new elegant opera house in Savannah.—*Morier.*

The Warthoo is energetically plotting against the peace, dignity and comfort of the Savannah custom house.—*Republican.*

The Mad. Mrs. Oates benefit was a success. There was twelve hundred dollars "in the house."——General Wade Hampton is to deliver in Savannah his address on "General Robert E. Lee" on the 19th instant. Great preparations are being made for the proper celebration.——John T. Ronan has been elected president of the Georgia Railroad Employes' Benevolent Society of Savannah.—*Savannah Advertiser.*

COLUMBUS.

Peter Rucker, of Taylor county, on Saturday last, while in Columbus, inflicted a wound with a pocketknife upon a Mr. Olive, of the city, from which he died in a short time.—*Columbus Enquirer.*

W. H. Williams has been elected chief engineer of the Columbus fire department.—*Columbus Sun.*

Tennessee News.

The celebrated Tennessee race-horse, "Aperold," is dead.

Coal sells at 45 cents per bushel at Franklin, Middle Tennessee.

The Knox County Court refuses to pay for the board of paupers.

Mr. Wilbur W. McLemore, a noted character in Memphis, died on the 9th instant.

George Kleiser, proprietor of the Battle House bar, of Nashville, died suddenly, January 10th.

The Knoxville board of trade petitions the Legislature to advance the cause of immigration.

A writer in the Nashville American states that oak staves, for making wine casks in the South of France, are sent from the forests of Tennessee.

Philadelphia capitalists have recently purchased 3,000 acres of mineral land in Sevier county, with the intention of [illegible]

Reading Notices.

A MONUMENT as big as the grand Pyramid might be built of the teeth that have been ruined by neglect. Shall this ruling go in face of the great fact that SOZODONT is a certain preservative of dental decay?
jan7—d1w&w1t.

TAKE SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR regularly, enjoy health yourself and give gratification to those about you.

You will have cause to bless the day you heard of SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.
jan7—deod&w1t.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, FOR PULMONARY and Asthmatic Disorders, have proved their efficacy by a test of many years, and have received testimonials from eminent men who have used them.
jan7—tius-thur-sat.

DR. TUTT'S HAIR DYE makes a man sixty years old look as if he was but thirty. It can't be detected. Sold by all Druggists.
jan7—d1w&w1t.

CHAPPED HANDS, face, rough skin, pimples, ringworm, salt-rheum, and other cutaneous affections cured, and the skin made soft and smooth, by using the Juniper Tar Soap, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. Be certain to get the Juniper Tar Soap, as there are many worthless imitations made with common tar. nov12-d&w12w

THE PUREST AND SWEETEST COD-LIVER OIL is Hazard & Caswell's, made on the seashore, from fresh, selected livers, by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all others. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market. nov12-d&w12w

SADDLES, SADDLES! HARNESS, HARNESS! At Chapeau & Heffron's, Charleston, South Carolina, you can purchase a set of home-made Buggy Harness at $15 per set, double harness at $45 and $50. New McClellan Saddles at $5 each. Always on hand a full line of Saddlery, Cart Harness, etc.

Remember! If you want a good and cheap article, call at Chapeau & Heffron's.
nov30—d3m

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, New York.
oct2—d1y

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP—SEAWEED TONIC and MANDRAKE PILLS These are the only medicines that will cure Pulmonary Consumption. Dr. Schenck has been in constant practice over thirty years continually examining lungs, and knows his medicines, if properly taken, will cure consumption. His Mandrake Pills cleanse the liver and stomach; his Seaweed Tonic dissolves the food, stimulates the coating of the stomach and aids digestion; his Pulmonic Syrup opens the matter, and nature throws it off without any exertion. Prepared and for sale by J. H. SCHENCK & SON, N. E. corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia, and by druggists and dealers generally.
dec25—deodly

NOTICE.

CLERK'S OFFICE, SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, Atlanta, January 1st, 1873.

It appears from the docket of the Supreme Court of the State of Georgia, for the January Term, 1873, that the order of Circuits, with the number of cases from each county, is as follows:

BLUE RIDGE CIRCUIT.

Dawson	2
Forsyth	1
Fannin	1
Lumpkin	1
Towns	2

WESTERN CIRCUIT.

Clark	2
Gwinnett	1
Walton	2

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

Elbert (1 continued)	3
Oglethorpe	2
Wilkes	1
Wilkes	2

SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.

Lowndes	2

OCONEE CIRCUIT.

Pulaski	2

ALBANY CIRCUIT.

Baker	1
Calhoun	1
Decatur	1
Dougherty (one continued)	11

SOUTHWESTERN CIRCUIT.

Lee	4
Macon	11
Schley	2
Sumter	13
Webster	2

PATAULA CIRCUIT.

Clay	2
Early	2
Quitman	1
Randolph	7
Stewart	1
Terrell	9

CHATTAHOOCHEE CIRCUIT.

Chattahoochee	1
Muscogee (39 continued)	60
Taylor	2

MACON CIRCUIT.

Bibb	5
Crawford	1
Houston	1
Twiggs	3

FLINT CIRCUIT.

Henry	3
Newton	2
Pike	3
Rockdale	1
Spalding	1
Upson	2

TALLAPOOSA CIRCUIT.

Coweta	5
Fayette	1
Meriwether	5
Troup	2

ATLANTA CIRCUIT.

DeKalb	4
Clayton	1
Fulton	21

ROME CIRCUIT.

Floyd	25
Polk	3

CHEROKEE CIRCUIT.

Bartow	7
Whitfield	4

AUGUSTA CIRCUIT.

Burke (3 continued)	3
Richmond (5 continued)	9

MIDDLE CIRCUIT.

Bussell	2
Washington	1

OCMULGEE CIRCUIT.

Baldwin (one continued)	3
Greene	1
Jasper	1
Jones	1
Morgan	1
Putnam	3

EASTERN CIRCUIT.

Bullock	1
Chatham	9
Liberty	1
McIntosh	1

BRUNSWICK CIRCUIT.

Appling	1
Camden (continued)	1
Glynn	2
Pierce	1
Wayne	1

☞ The Telegraph and Messenger, Columbus Enquirer, Savannah News, and Chronicle and Sentinel are requested to publish this notice once a week for two weeks, and to send bill to this office.

Test: [illegible]
Z. D. HARRISON, Clerk.
jan7—dlaw2w

POSTPONED

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Honorable, the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff, Evans, Gardner & Co., in the following case, to-wit:

Evans, Gardner & Co. vs. Thos. Christopher Dodd & Samuel Sheats,

I have levied upon, as the property of Christopher Dodd, lots numbered 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907 and 908, in the 17th district, 3d section, originally Cherokee, now Bartow county, and will sell the same at public outcry, before the Court House door, in the City of Atlanta, county of Fulton, and State of Georgia, on the

First Tuesday in February

next, between the usual hours of sale. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney.

Witness my hand, this 1st day of January, 1873.

J. CRAWFORD, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Executed in the presence of [illegible]

Passengers taking the [illegible] Depot will be [illegible]

J. J. FORD'S

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY

AND A

Blacksmi'us' Shop,

Corner of Line and Prior Streets.

IN consequence of the steady and heavy business of his business, J. J. FORD has been compelled to move to more commodious quarters. A large, two-story and convenient arranged building, which has been built expressly for him, to be used in Manufacturing, Repairing and Painting.

Coaches,

Barouches,

Phaetons,

Victorias,

Brets,

Rockaways,

Buggies,

Charlots,

Caleches,

Wagons, etc.

Having secured the services of

Experienced Mechanics,

and being prepared for all kinds of work done in a First-Class

Carriage

Manufacturing

Establishment,

he respectfully invites a fair share of patronage from the public.

In connection with his Carriage Factory, and in the same building he has ample arrangement for doing all kinds of

Blacksmiths' Work,

Good Work,

AND AT SUCH THAT

Cannot be Surpassed

BY ANY MANUFACTURER IN THE CITY.

He respectfully ties to the attention of the public to

Home Institution!!

NOTICE

LIQUOR DEALERS AND THE PUBLIC:

[illegible] Agents for the

Lager Beer and Cream Ale,

[illegible] a delightful article can get it by applying to me. [illegible] goods shipped or delivered as guaranteed.
O. C. CARROLL.

CONTRACT.

It is certify that we have this day appointed Carroll sole Agent in Atlanta for our celebrated Lager Beer. All orders must be sent direct to the brewery. All orders addressed to O. C. Carroll, Sole Agent, Atlanta, Ga., will be promptly filled.
J. STIVEL & L. FEHLEYER.
dec1—d3m

Select School for Boys.

PROF. J. A. RICHARDSON will open a Select School for Boys in [illegible] on the first Monday in January, 1873. For particulars address
J. A. RICHARDSON, A. M.,
Box 501 Atlanta.
dec1—dtf

Sling's Southern Series

—OF—

Readers, Orators & Copy Books.

THE undersigned now own the plates of this POPULAR SERIES; and as they are the only Purely Southern School Books offered in the market, we solicit a [illegible] of the same, confident that they will [illegible] to be PURELY LIBERAL. Specimen copies sent free for examination.

PROF. ORR, the Superintendent of Education for Georgia says of them:

Mr. J. W. Burke & Co., Macon, Ga.—GENTLEMEN: I have given to the Sterling Series of School Books which you have had the kindness to leave with me, a careful examination, and the impression which I formed at first [illegible] With several months' use in my school, I was already familiar, having had the series I was already familiar, having additionally to the interest of several public examinations while engaged in active school work, by selects from their pages. While there ought not to be thing offensively sectional in our school literature must be allowed to say that it is with feelings both pleasure and pride that I find in the pages these books so liberal a recognition of South's talent. I am glad to learn that their [illegible] in the [illegible] of our own State. Southern independence will be soonest achieved by producing, as far as possible, every necessary for the support of all our wants, both material and mental. Upon [illegible] only add that I would be glad to see the books extensively used.

Respectfully yours,
GUSTAVUS J. ORR,
State School Commissioner.

ATLANTA, GA., MAY 14, 1872.

J. V. BURKE & CO., Publishers,
Macon, Georgia.
sept1

TWO DAILY CONNECTIONS

BY THE

Big Mountain ROute,

VIA

Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad and its Connections.

PASSENGERS leaving Atlanta by the 4:05 P. M. train of Western and Atlantic Railroad arrive at [illegible] in time for connecting with

The Mail Train

of the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, arriving at Selma at [illegible] connections with train of Alabama and Central Railroad, arriving at

Meridian	4 45 P. M.
Jackson	12 00 night
Vicksburg	3 35 A. M.

Also, make close connection at CALERA with trains of South and North Alabama Railroad, arriving at

Montgomery	12 15 A. M.
Mobile	7 30 P. M.
New Orleans	1 50 A. M.

The Road has been recently equipped and its equipment is in [illegible] by any in the South for strength and beauty of finish.

☞ No change of cars between Rome and Selma.

PULLMAN PALACE CARS

run through from ROME VIA SELMA to VICKSBURG without change.

Monday's Tourist Ticket.

Passengers leaving Atlanta by 5 30 A. M. train of W. & A. R. R., make close connections at Rome with

FAST EXPRESS TRAIN

of Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, arriving at Selma at 12 30 A. M.

Fast time made by any other Route.

☞ Purchase Tickets via Kingston at the Genera Ticket Office.

JOHN B. PEGG,
General Passenger Agent, Patoka, Ala.

E. G. BARNEY,
General Superintendent.

READ CAMPBELL, Local Agent.
No. 4 Kimball House.
junes—dtf

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE!

Atlanta and New Orleans

SHORT LINE!

ALL RAIL!

Only one Change of Cars between Atlanta and New Orleans.

ON and after November 24th, 1872, Double Daily Passenger Trains will run on this line as follows:

Leave Atlanta	6 50 A. M.
Arrive at Montgomery	5 25 P. M.
Leave Atlanta	5 00 P. M.
Arrive at Montgomery	6 00 A. M.
Leave Montgomery	8 00 P. M.
Arrive at Mobile	7 30 A. M.
Leave Montgomery	8 00 A. M.
Arrive at Mobile	5 35 P. M.
Leave Mobile	6 30 A. M.
Arrive at New Orleans	5 35 P. M.
Leave Mobile	5 45 P. M.
Arrive at New Orleans	11 50 P. M.

Passengers leaving here at 8 00 P. M., will make close connection at Montgomery for Selma, Vicksburg, Meridian, and all intermediate points.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping cars run through to Mobile, New Orleans, Selma, York, Meridian, Jackson and Vicksburg without change.

Passengers will remember that this route (via West Point) is the shortest, quickest, most reliable and only double daily line from Atlanta to the following points:

Columbus, Ga., Montgomery,
Mobile, Selma, Birmingham,
Tuscaloosa and Eufaula, Ala.,
Meridian, Jackson,
Vicksburg, Miss.,
New Orleans, Shreveport and Monroe
Louisiana, Jefferson, Galveston,
and all points in TEXAS, Northern and Central Mississippi, Alabama and Arkansas.

By this line you save time and distance, being

46 Miles Shorter

to Selma and all points west of Selma, and

101 Miles Shorter

to MONTGOMERY, MOBILE, NEW ORLEANS, all points in Texas, Northern and Central Mississippi and Arkansas, than via Blue Mountain, or Selma, Rome and Dalton route,

296 Miles Shorter

to New Orleans and Galveston than by Chattanooga, Corinth and Grenada, Memphis and Charleston Railroad route.

365 Miles Shorter

to Shreveport, Jefferson, and all points on Red River than by Chattanooga and Memphis,

AVOIDING 614 MILES STEAM BOATING ON THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER,

and an indefinite delay on wharf boat at the mouth of Red River.

EMIGRANTS

Are particularly requested to notice the many advantages of this line over all others. No discrimination made in cars or time on account of being Emigrants. When emigrants [illegible] special cars will be furnished for baggage and carried through to New Orleans, Jackson, Vicksburg, without transfer.

The recent completion of the magnificent bridges over Tennessee and Mobile Rivers puts us in unbroken all rail connection between Atlanta and New Orleans.

No Boating nor Transfers charged on the line. Passengers are [illegible] to the country.

Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. [illegible] comforts to be had best winter route to

Memphis, Tenn.,
Little Rock, Ark.,
and Corinth, Miss.,

Through tickets on sale at the General Ticket Office in Union Passenger Depot to all points above mentioned.

Fare always as low as by any other route. Be sure and call for tickets via

Montgomery.

L. P. GRANT,
Superintendent Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

G. J. FORBACHER,
Superintendent Atlanta and Mobile Railroad.

W. J. HOUSTON,
Gen'l Sup't Mobile and Montgomery Railroad.

General Passenger and Ticket Agent,
Georgia Railroad Depot.

CUMMINGS AND DULUTH

HACK LINE.

W. JAMES & CO., are now running, for the accommodation of the traveling public, a good line of Hacks between Cummings and Duluth, connecting with the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad. Leave Cole's Hotel at Cummings at 10 A. M., arrive at Duluth at 3 o'clock. Leave Duluth at 3 o'clock P. M., arrive at Cummings at 6 o'clock P. M. Passengers desiring to stop at Cummings can leave Duluth in the morning and arrive at Cole's Hotel in Cummings, in time for breakfast.

Fare [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPORTS' JEST Book sent free. Address Hayes Spirit Company, Murray street, New York.

MONEY Rarely made with our Stencil and Key-Check Outfit. Circulars free. Stafford Manufacturing Company, 66 Fulton street, New York.

WANTED AGENTS $100 per month to sell the IMPROVED AMERICAN FAMILY KNITTING MACHINE. The simplest and best in the world. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE Co., 343½ Washington Street, Boston, Mass.

500 Agents wanted! JUST out! A splendid new Chart: "Christ Blessing Little Children." Immense sales! 500 agents wanted for our large Map of the "United States" with [illegible] "Forty" Map on reverse side. Our Maps and Charts go like hot-fire. HAASIS & LUMBECHT, Empire Map and Chart Establishment, 107 Liberty street, New York.

$90 made December 3d, by one Agent selling HORACE GREELEY AND FAMILY, A fine engraving, 24x28 inches, sent by mail for $1 00. We also mail Button-Hole and Sewing Machine Thread Cutters, and Needle Threading Thimble, Price 25 cents each. Circulars of of various other novelties mailed frequently to all old and new agents. Address AMERICAN NOVELTY CO., 208 Broadway, New York.

LOOK! FREE TO ALL! $50 PER WEEK TO AGENTS, Male or Female FREE To all who will write for an Agency we will send a copy of that "Wonder of Wonders," the ILLUSTRATED HORN OF PLENTY. It contains over fifty beautiful illustrations, and will be sent FREE to all who may write. Address I. GARSIDE, Patterson, New Jersey.

FREE TO Book Agents, a complete outfit GIFT of the PICTORIAL HOME BIBLE, it is the only Bible in which a complete History, Encyclopedia, Analysis of the Scriptures, and Improved Classified Bible Dictionary is given; its unequaled beauty and merits make it the cheapest and fastest selling Bible published. WM. FLINT & CO., Atlanta, Ga.

DON'T

Be Deceived, but for coughs, colds, sore throat, hoarseness and bronchial difficulties, use only WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.

Worthless imitations are on the market, but Carbolic Chemic preparation of Carbolic Acid for Lung diseases is when chemically combined with other well known remedies, as these TABLETS, and all parties are cautioned against using any other.

In all cases of irritation of the mucous membrane these Tablets should be freely used, their cleansing and healing properties are astonishing.

Be warned, never neglect a cold, it is easily cured in its first incipient state, when it becomes chronic the cure is exceedingly difficult, use Wells' Carbolic as a specific.

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 16 Platt St.,
Sole Agents for United States.
Price 25 cents a box. Send for Circular.

AGENTS WANTED. ACT AT ONCE. There is a PILE of money in it. The people everywhere are EAGER to buy the authentic history of LIVINGSTONE'S WONDERFUL DISCOVERIES and THRILLING ADVENTURES during 28 years in AFRICA, with account of the STANLEY EXPEDITION. Over 600 pages, only $2 50. Is selling beyond parallel. CAUTION.—Beware of INFERIOR works. This is the ONLY COMPLETE and RELIABLE work. Send for circular, and see PROOF and great success agents are having. HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, Boston, Mass.

A GREAT OFFER! HORACE WATERS, 481 Broadway, N. Y., will dispose of 100 PIANOS, MELODEONS, and ORGANS, of six first-class makers, including Waters' at very low prices for Cash; or part cash, and balance in small monthly installments. New Pianos, 7 octaves, rosewood cases, warranted for $175 cash. Now ready a CONCERTO PARLOR ORGAN, the most beautiful style and perfect tone ever made. Illustrated Catalogues mailed. Sheet Music and Music Merchandise.

TO PLANTERS!

BOWEN & MERCER'S

SUPER-PHOSPHATE

$38 PER TON.

Warranted equal to any Phosphate manufactured. Send for Pamphlet of Certificates and Analysis, by Professors Means, Piggott, and Stewart, to

BOWEN & MERCER,
65 South Gay Street Baltimore, Md.

OPEN THE SEWERS.

When the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels do not act healthfully, the wastes from the action of the system remain in the blood, and produce irritation and disease. These organs are the outlets of the system and under the influence of

HAMILTON'S

Buchu and Dandelion,

are kept in good running order.
W. C. HAMILTON & CO.,
Cincinnati.

AGENTS Want about 100 of the best selling books? Send for circulars of VENT'S UNABRIDGED ILLUSTRATED FAMILY BIBLE. Over 1100 pages 10 by 12 in. 200 pages Bible Aids, &c. Arabesque $4 25 Gilt Sides, 1 clasp, $4 75. Full Gilt, 2 clasps, $11 00. "BELDEN: THE WHITE CHIEF." For Winter Evenings, 36th 1000 ready. THE AMERICAN FARMER'S HOME BOOK." The standard, 40th 1000 ready. Epizootic Treatments, &c. C. F. Vent, New York and Cincinnati; Vent & Goodrich, Chicago.

Agents Wanted. $75 to $250 per month, everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, gather, braid, bind and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $15. Fully licensed and warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $250 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Boston, Mass.; Pittsburg, Pa.; Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Missouri.

Cheap Farms! Free Homes!

On the line of the UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD, 12,000,000 acres of the best Farming and Mineral Lands in America.

3,000,000 Acres in Nebraska, in the Platte Valley, now for sale.

Mild Climate, Fertile Soil,

for Grain growing and Stock Raising unsurpassed by any in the United States.

CHEAPER IS PRICE, more favorable terms given, and more convenient to market than can be found elsewhere.

Free Homesteads for Actual Settlers.

The best location for Colonies—Soldiers entitled to a Homestead of 160 Acres.

Send for the new Descriptive Pamphlet, with new maps, published in English, German, Swedish and Danish, mailed free everywhere.

Address, O. F. DAVIS,
Land Com'r U. P. R. R. Co.,
OMAHA, NEB.

THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN JURUBEBA BLOOD PURIFIER

is unequaled by any known remedy. It will eradicate every vestige of Scrofula and thoroughly cleanse the system of all poisonous substances in the blood and will effectually dispel all [illegible] to Bilious derangement.

Is there want of action in your Liver and Spleen? Unless relieved at once the blood becomes impure by defective secretions, producing scrofulous or skin diseases, Blotches, Felon, Pimples, Canker, Pimples, etc.

Have you a Dyspeptic Stomach? Unless digestion is promptly aided the system is debilitated with loss of vital force, poverty of the blood, congestive tendency, general weakness and inertia.

Have you a weakness of the Intestines? You are in danger of Chronic Diarrhœa or the dreadful inflammation of the Bowels.

Have you weakness of the Uterine or Urinary Organs? You are exposed to suffering in its most aggravated forms.

Are you dejected, drowsy, dull, sluggish or depressed in spirits, with head ache, tack ache, coated tongue and bad fasting mouth?

For a certain remedy for all of these diseases, weaknesses and troubles; for cleansing and purifying the vitiated blood and imparting vigor to all the vital forces; for building up and restoring the wasted energies use

JURUBEBA,

which is pronounced by the leading medical authorities of London and Paris "the most powerful tonic and alterative known to the medical world." This is a new and sure cure discovery but has long been used by the leading physicians of other countries with wonderful remedial results.

Don't weaken or impair the digestive organs by cathartic dead, physics, they give only temporary relief—indigestion, dizziness, nausea with [illegible] and kindred diseases are sure to follow their use.

Keep the blood pure and health [illegible]

JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 19 Platt st., New York.
Sole Agent for the United States.
Price, One Dollar per Bottle. Send for Circular.
feb13—d&w1y

ON MARRIAGE.

A PAMPHLET for Young Men from the causes of Early Decline, just published. Sent free by mail. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Book sent free of charge, in sealed envelopes. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa., an Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. dec10—d&w1m

AGENTS WANTED.

The Master Spirits of the World,

AND

THE TREASURE HOUSE OF AMERICA.

THE GREAT BOOK OF THE YEAR.

A GRAND royal octavo of 800 to 1200 pages in A few hours or days. Fascinating. Address J. C. GOODSPEED, New York, Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, New Orleans. sept1—[illegible]

FOSTER & CAMPBELL'S EXTRA OLIVE SOAP

is made from the best materials and nicely perfumed. Sold at price of ordinary soap. Buy it, you will use no other. Grocers have it.

FOSTER & CAMPBELL & CRANE,
Wholesale Agents.

BOB WHITE!

Bob White! Bob White!

Bob White! Bob White! Bob White!

SMOKING TOBACCO,

MANUFACTURED BY

Geo. W. Langhorne & Co.,

Lynchburg, Va.

Is pronounced by connoisseurs to be the finest Smoking Tobacco manufactured in the United States, and equal to the finest imported Cigars.

For richness and purity, it has no rival, having received,

Gold and Silver Medals, Diplomas, etc.,

at the State Fairs of Virginia, Louisiana and Texas. For sale by

MEADOR & BROS.,
R. F. MADDOX,
BOROUGHS & WING,
BEERMAN & BUREY,
W. L. HUBBARD & CO.,
B. B. DANN,

and tobacco dealers throughout the United States.
nov20—d3m

FOR SALE,

Choice Hotel,

Rome, Ga.

The Cheapest Property in the State!!

THIS is one of the best pieces of property in Upper Georgia. It is a first class BRICK BUILDING three stories high, with 35 rooms, including a good Store, Bar and Billiard Room. The size of the Lot is 113 feet on Broad street by 200 feet on Bridge street.

It is located in the center of the city, only 40 yards from the City Hall, and 60 yards from the Court House.

The Store and Bar and Billiard Room can be rented for more than enough to pay the interest on the entire price of the Property.

☞ Recent improvements have been made and the House is now in perfect order.

Apply to J. C. RAWLINS Proprietor.

ALSO FOR SALE,

A Beautiful Suburban Residence, with 25 Acres of Rich Land.

I also offer for sale my residence in Forestville. The Dwelling is a substantial wood building, two stories, well finished and painted inside and out, with eight rooms, beside kitchen and cellar. The outbuildings consisting of carriage house, stables, etc., are adequate and in good condition. This place is situated only 300 yards from the city limits and 1¼ miles from the Court House.

There are 25 acres of the richest kind of upland belonging to this place, lying beautifully, and the surroundings are all of a pleasant character. This is a delightful situation for any one who wants an elegant suburban Home, with all the advantages, such as churches, schools, etc., that pertain to the city, and yet the free breathing, quiet and refinement of the country.

This place will be sold very cheap for cash; or, with a reasonable addition for half cash and balance in one year. Address J. C. RAWLINS, Rome, Ga.
nov17—dtf

David McBride

SUCCESSOR TO

McBRIDE & SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

FINE CARRIAGES!

PHAETONS,

ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES!

Repairing Promptly and Neatly Executed.

DAVID McBRIDE,
33 Decatur Street.
sep23—d6m—dec18—d2m

Palmetto School!

GEORGE C. LOONEY, A. M., ... President
C. A. KEY, A. M., Principal Male Department.
Mrs. C. D. CRAWLEY, Principal Female Department.
(All Georgians by Birth and Education)

PALMETTO, GEORGIA, 25 miles from Atlanta, on the Atlanta and West Point Railroads, is one of the healthiest towns in Middle Georgia, and so quiet and pleasant, so free from drunkenness, gambling and other forms of rowdyism, that young

YOUNG LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

who go to school here, one term always love to return.

$110 to $180 (according to class entered) will defray all expense for BOARD, LODGING, FUEL, WASHING and TUITION, for the scholastic year of 40 weeks, by depositing with the President $100 at the beginning the Spring Term, (3d Monday in January,) and the balance at the beginning of the Fall Term, (3d Monday in August.)

The course of study as practical and comprehensive as any College.

The daily session averages EIGHT HOURS.

Students can obtain instruction at any time they apply for it—in or out of school.

Apply to President for Circular. dec8—d1m

Male and Female.

Hogansville Institute,

N. M. WILLIAMS, President; A. P. TRIMBLE, Associate. MRS. M. E. ROBINSON, Principal Music Department—Principal Primary Department. Next session begins January 14, 1873. Rates of tuition, ten months, $30 to $60. Music $50. One half in advance. Faculty, Honor Graduates. French, German, Italian, Double Entry Book Keeping and Spencerian Penmanship, as in Commercial Colleges. Free. Free Surveying, Astronomy, Free. New Philosophical and Chemical Apparatus. Institute of brick; new and roomy. Society and health of Hogansville excellent. Board $12 50 to $15 per month. For further information address the President at Hogansville, Ga. dec1—dtf

For Sale.

HAVING determined to go West, I offer for sale the following property:

(1.) A three-story brick store in the Granite Block, Broad street. Price, $9000 00. If preferred, $1000 00 of it can be on one year's time at 10 per cent. interest. Present year, at lowest figures, is 16 per cent. on the price.

(2.) Two business lots on Alabama street, opposite Lowry's and adjoining Healy, Berry & Co.'s new building 60 44-100 feet front. A private track to save drayage. Price, $4000 00.

(3.) My residence on Ivy street, with lot of one acre. Good water. Fine grove and fruit. 9 rooms in the dwelling, out-houses, stable and carriage house. Price, $8000 00.

(4.) Two acres of land in Roswell, Ga., with house thereon. C. A. Dunwoody, Roswell, Agent.

(5.) An undivided one-fifth of 300 acres of land on Chattahoochee River,